

Tu1B-6

Low-Voltage Operation AlInN/GaN HEMTs on Si with High Output Power at sub-6 GHz

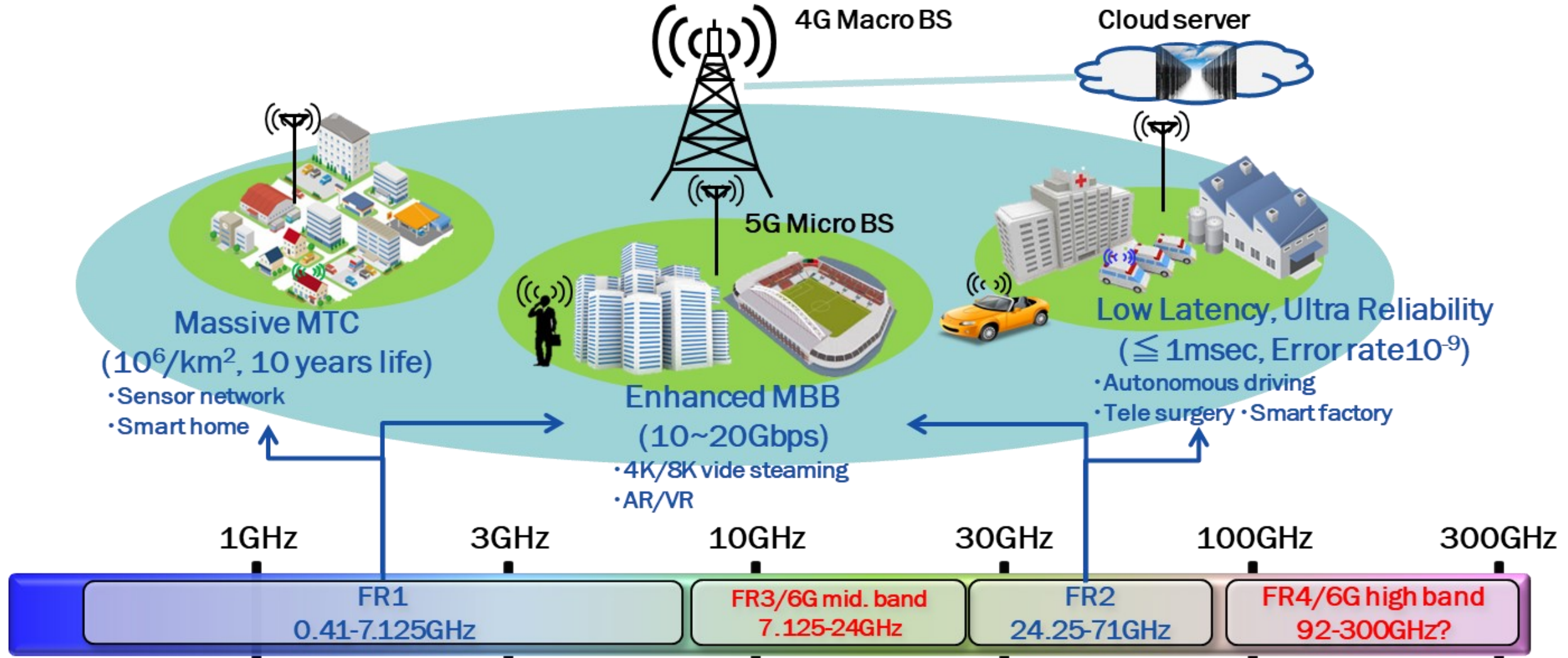
Katsuhiko Takeuchi, Kunihiro Saruta, Shinya Morita, Katsuji Matsumoto,
Masashi Yanagita, Satoshi Taniguchi, Shinichi Wada, Kunihiro Tasai,
Masayuki Shimada, and Katsunori Yanashima

Analog LSI Business Division, Sony Semiconductor Solutions Corporation, Japan

- Required Performance for PAs at 5G
- Device structure
- DC/RF characteristics
- Summary

- **Required Performance for PAs at 5G**
- Device structure
- DC/RF characteristics
- Summary

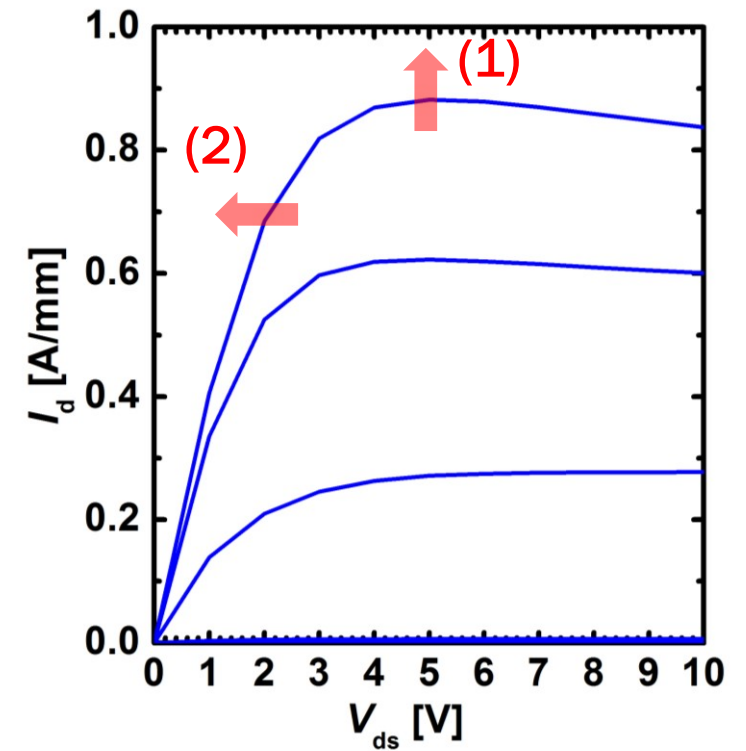
5G usage scenarios



Required items of PAs for user equipment

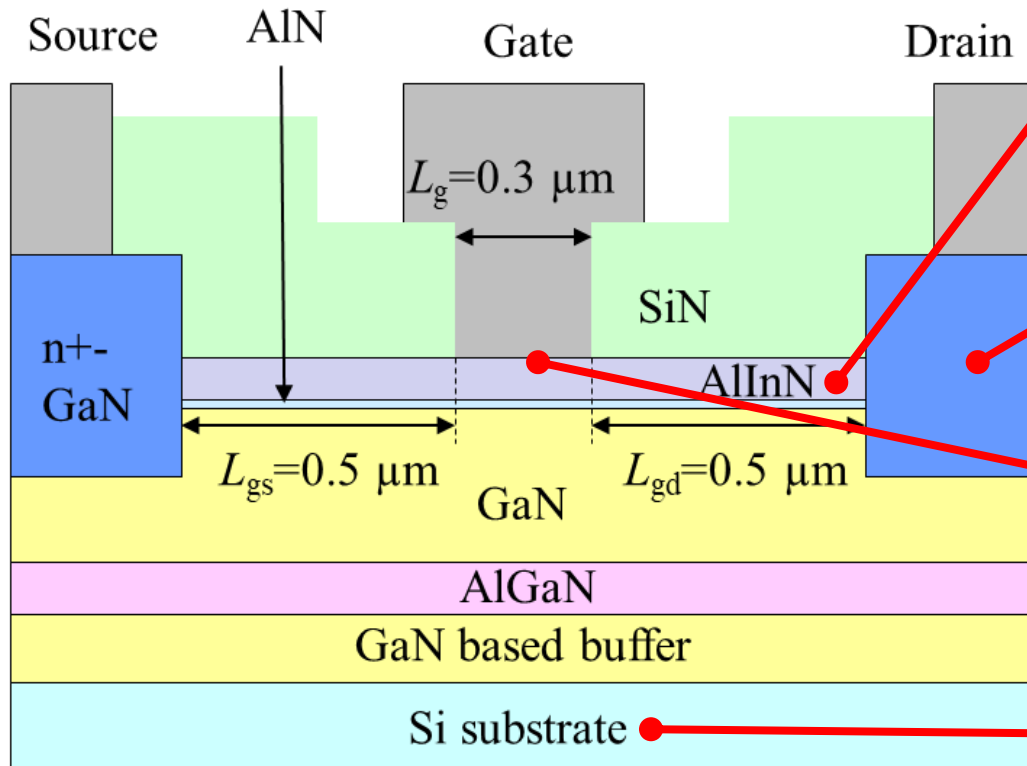
- Higher $P_{\text{out}} / \text{PAE}$
 - > high current density (1)
- Lower voltage operation
 - > low knee-voltage (2)
- Lower costs
 - > GaN on silicon substrate
 - > mature process technology

Representative output characteristics



- Required Performance for PAs at 5G
- **Device structure**
- DC/RF characteristics
- Summary

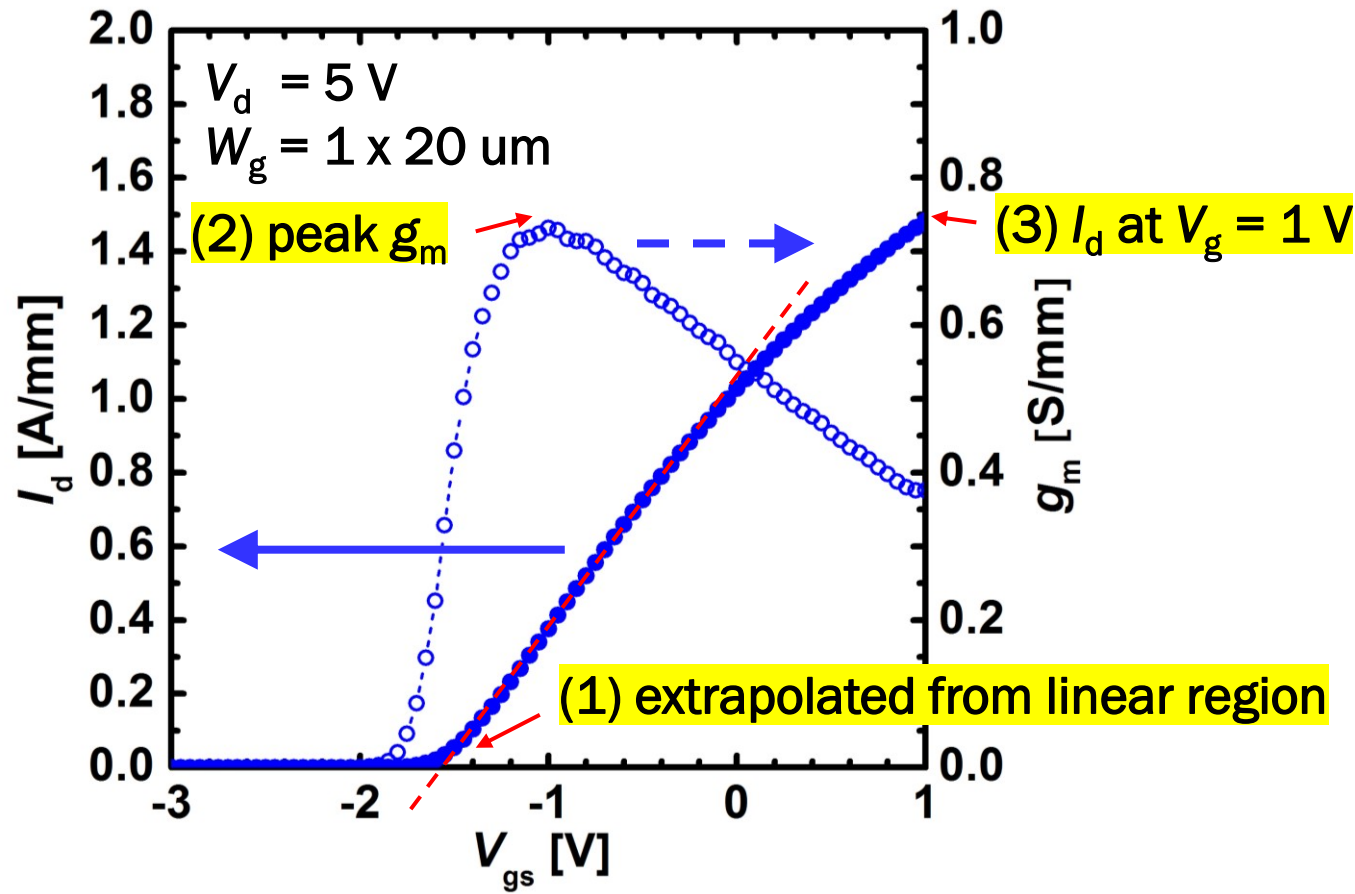
Device structure



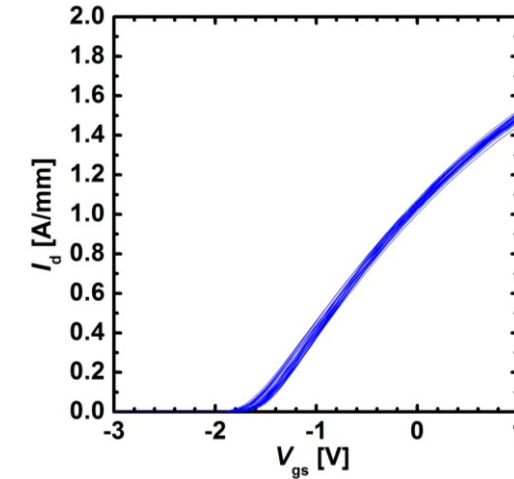
1. AlInN barrier
> high 2DEG density
> high g_m
2. regrowth ohmic structure
> low contact resistance
3. optimized Schottky gate process
> leakage current suppression
4. GaN on 6-inch Si substrate
> scalability benefit

- Required Performance for PAs at 5G
- Device structure
- **DC/RF characteristics**
- Summary

Transfer characteristics

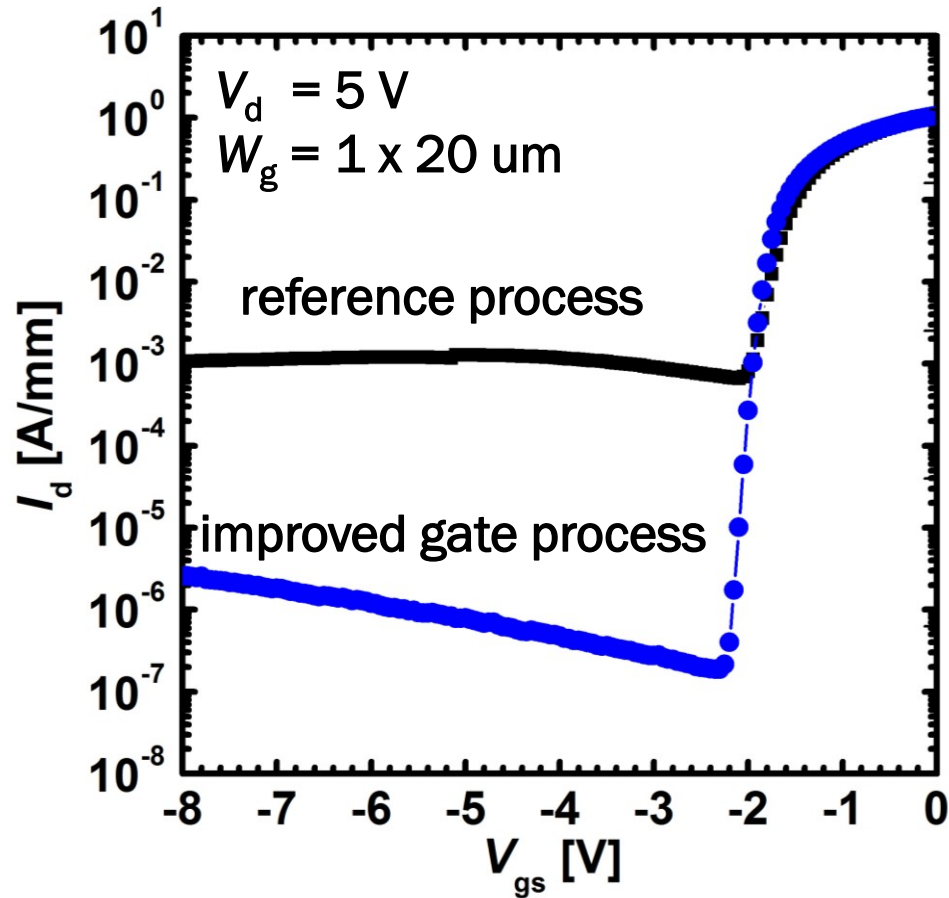


On-wafer uniformity (32 samples)



		Average	σ
(1)	$V_{th} \text{ [V]}$	-1.6	0.05
(2)	$g_m \text{ [S/mm]}$	0.72	0.02
(3)	$I_{dmax} \text{ [A/mm]}$	1.5	0.02

➤ Good performance and uniformity



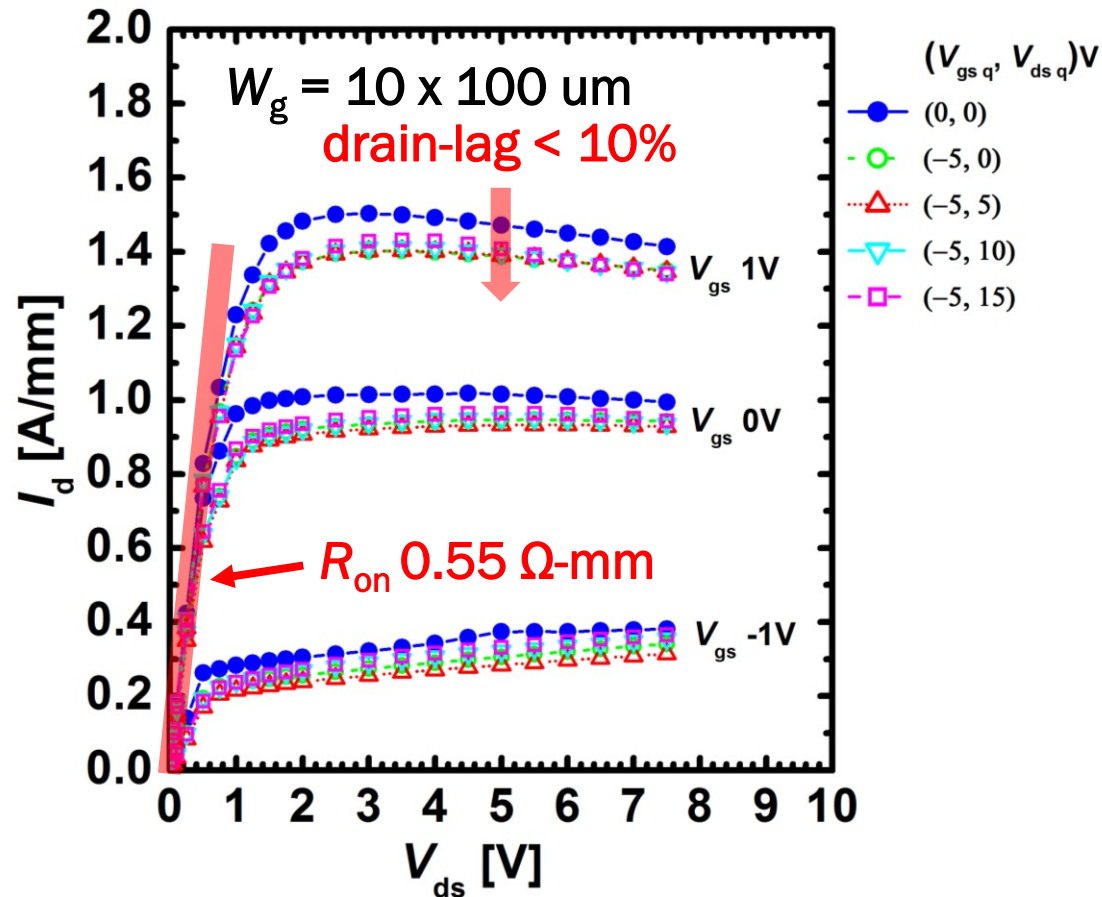
Challenge to reduce the leakage current

- Low damage dry etching process
- Pre-treatment before gate metallization
- Estimation of the thermal budget impact

➤ Extremely low leakage current is achieved for Schottky gate of AlInN/GaN HEMTs.

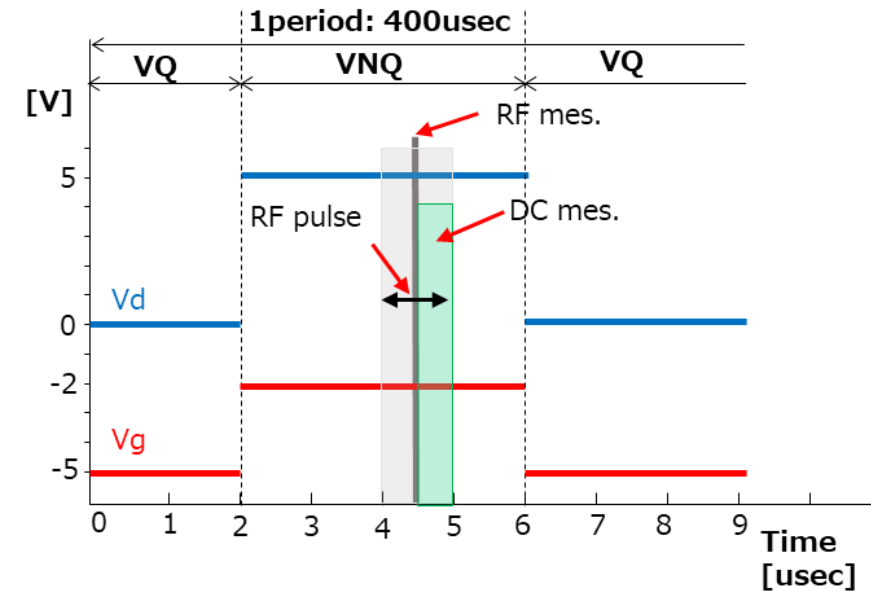
* The value of the drain off leakage current is the same as the gate leakage current.

Pulsed I_d - V_{ds} characteristics



Measurement timing chart

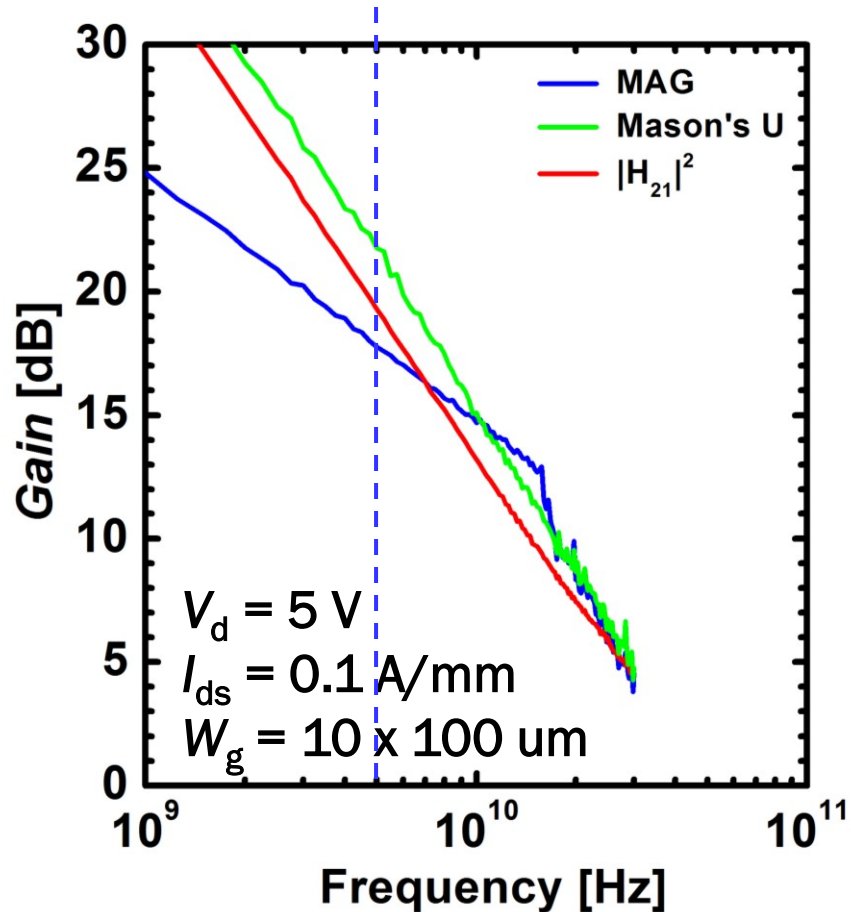
ex. $VQ(V_{gs}, V_{ds}) = (-5, 0)$, $VNQ = (-2, 5)$



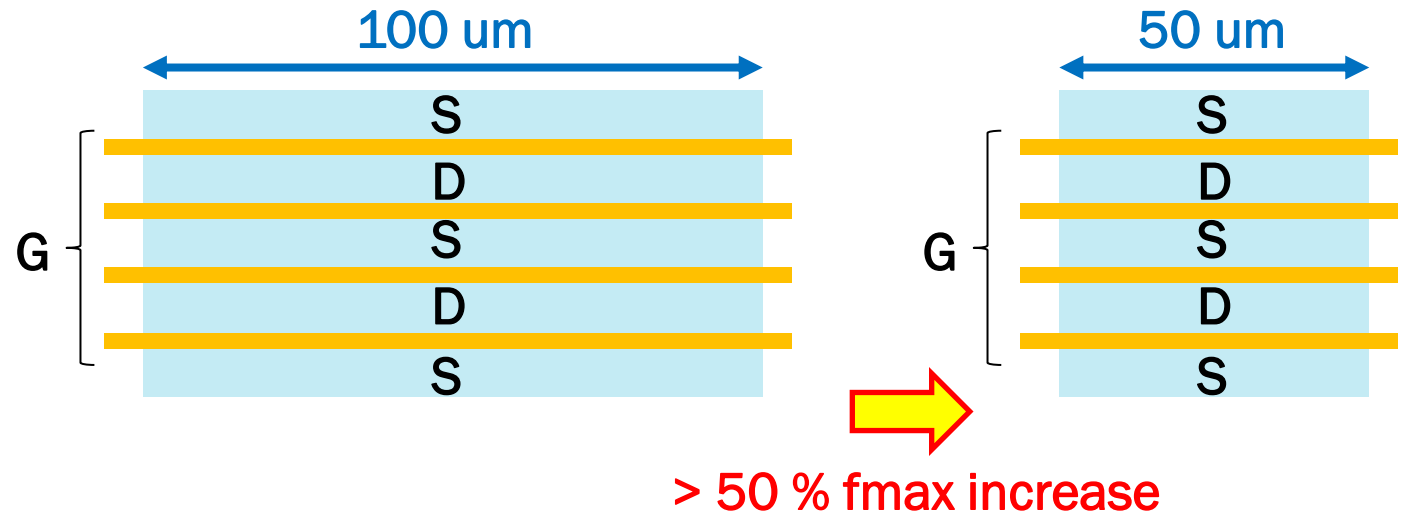
- Low R_{on} by the regrowth ohmic
- Low drain-lag based on the sufficiently small effect of traps.

RF gain characteristics

MAG (MSG) = 17.8 dB
($L_g = 0.3 \mu\text{m}$, frequency = 5 GHz)

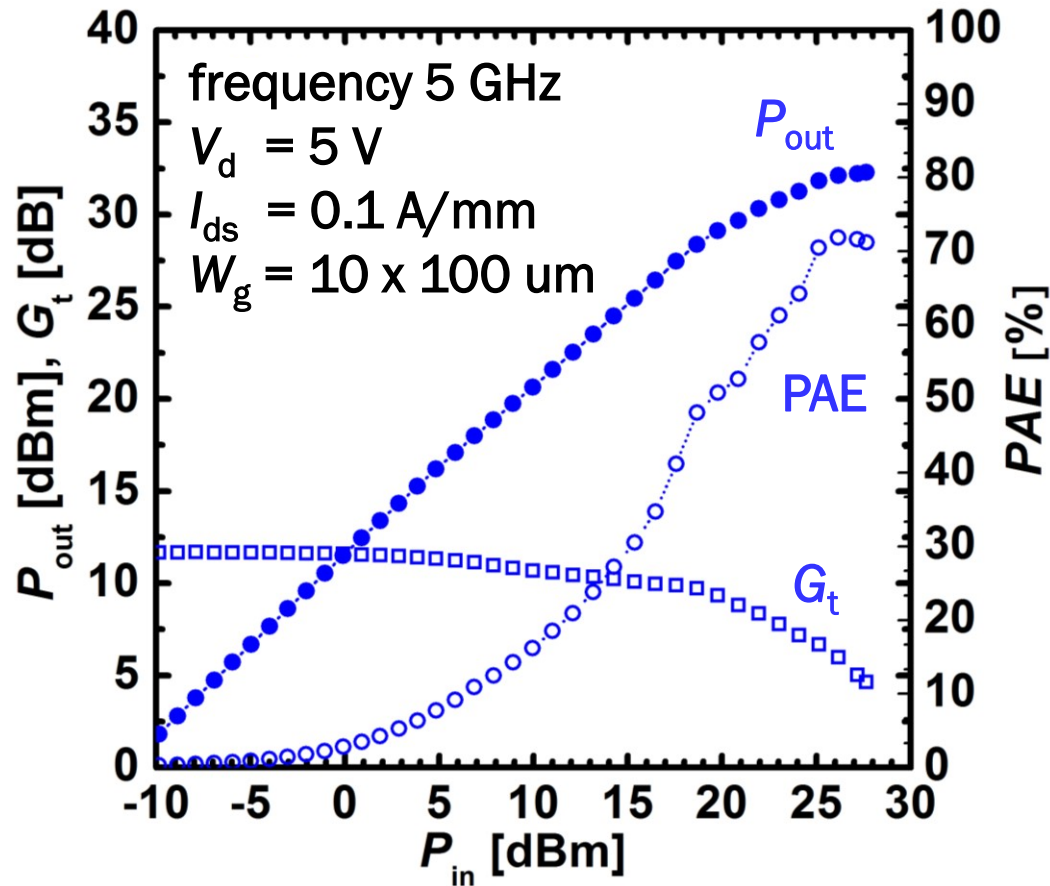


- $f_t = 30.4 \text{ GHz}$
- $f_{\max} = 53.8 \text{ GHz}$
- > extrapolated by using -20 dB/decade slopes



➤ Higher f_{\max} can be obtained by the reduction of $unitW_g$

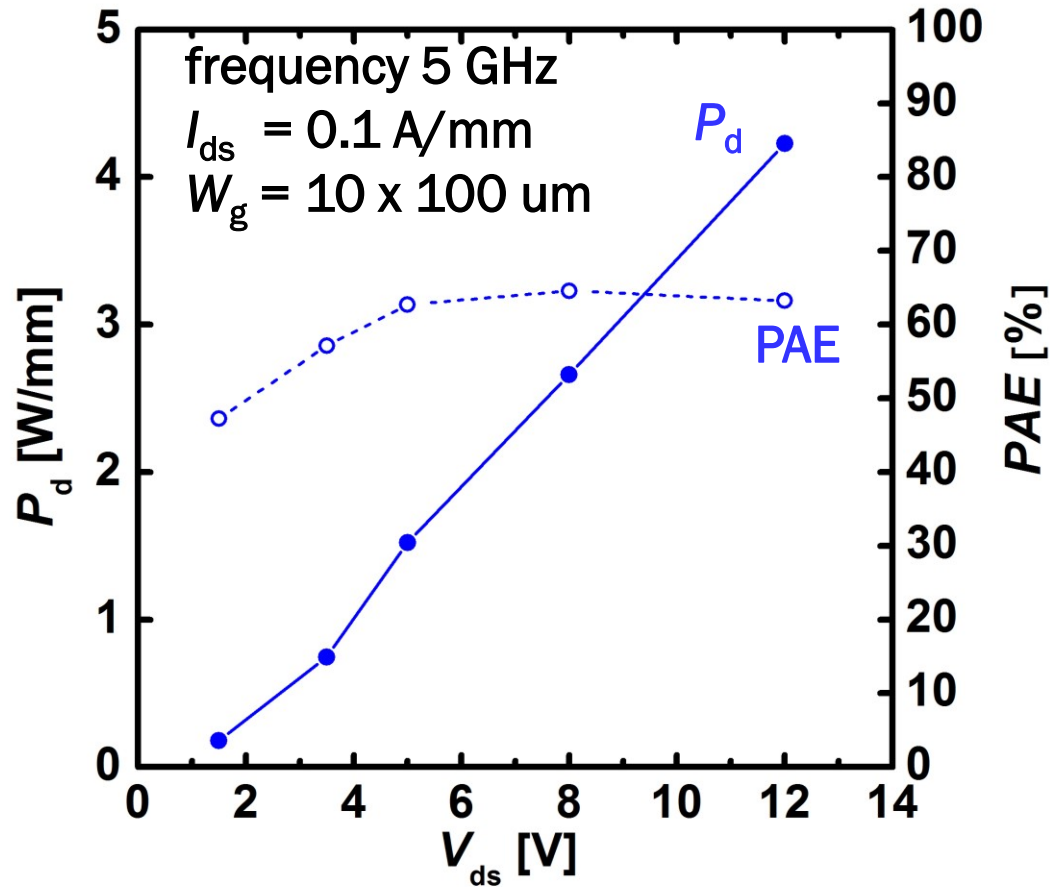
Large-signal characteristics



- $P_d = 1.52 \text{ W/mm}$
- $PAE = 62.7 \%$
- > P5dB compression under optimum P_{out} load

➤ Excellent performance for low voltage operation

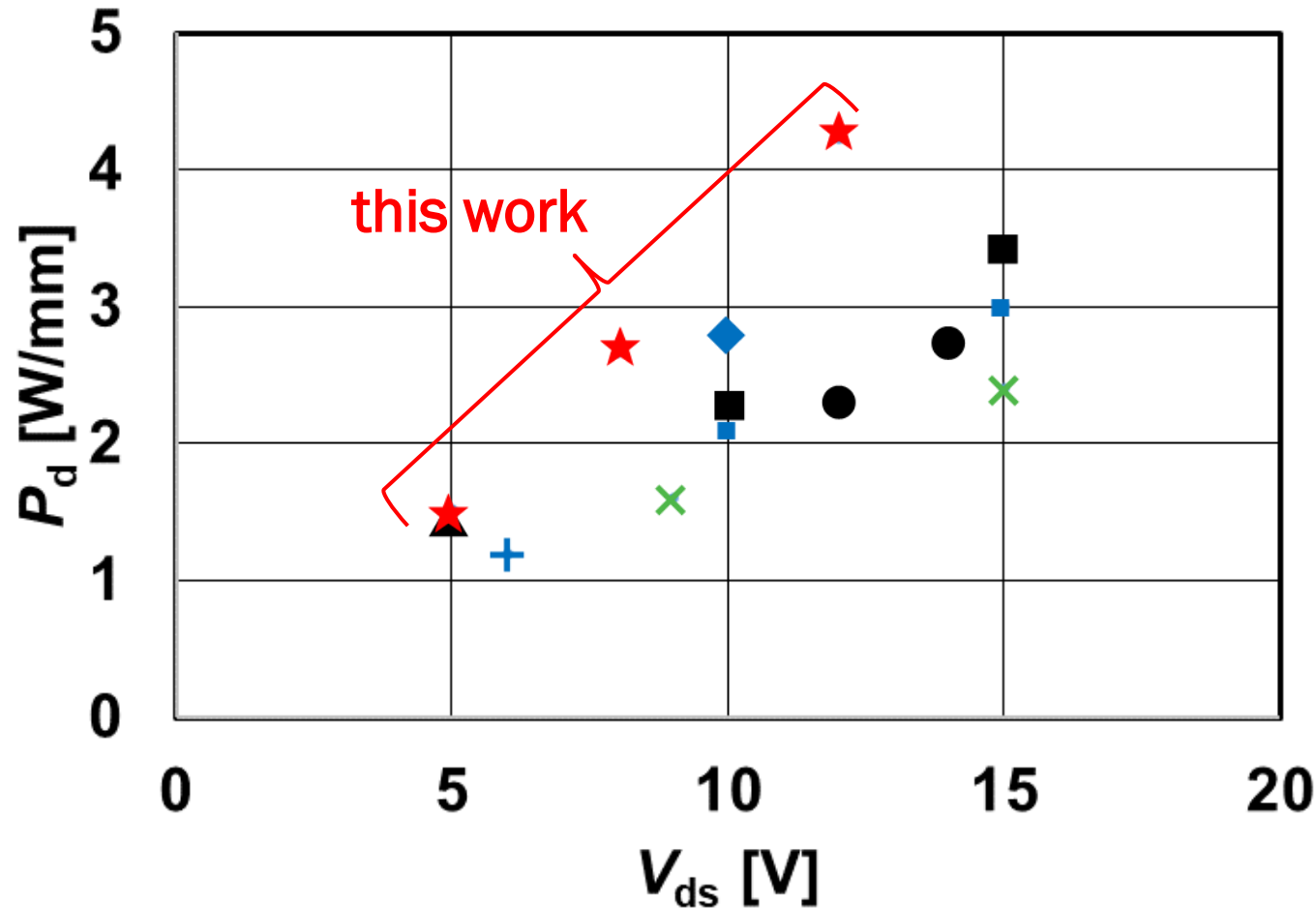
Large-signal characteristics as a function of V_{ds}



- 2.66 W/mm @ $V_{ds} = 8$ V
- 4.23 W/mm @ $V_{ds} = 12$ V
- > P5dB compression under optimum P_{out} load

➤ Significant P_d improvement by increasing V_{ds}

Benchmarking $P_d - V_{ds}$



low voltage operation PAs references

mark	Ref.	L_g [μm]	frequency [GHz]
●	Siddiqi, G. et al.	0.04	26.5-40
■	ElKashlan, R. et al.	0.09	6
▲	Then, H. W. et al.	0.09	28
◆	Wang, W. et al.	0.1	34
+	Zhou, Y. et al.	0.15	30
■	ElKashlan, R. et al.	0.19	6
×	Zhou, Y. et al.	0.2	8
★	this work	0.3	5

Higher P_d is achieved despite the relatively larger L_g of 0.3 μm thanks to lower knee-voltage, higher I_{ds} and higher breakdown voltage.

- Required Performance for PAs at 5G
- Device structure
- DC/RF characteristics
- **Summary**

- Low voltage operation AlInN/GaN HEMTs with Schottky gate on 6-inch Si substrates

High P_d : 1.52/2.66/4.23 W/mm @ $V_d = 5/8/12$ V
High PAE : > 60 % @ $V_d = 5 - 12$ V
Low cost : GaN on Si, mature fabrication technology

Excellent solutions for PAs in user equipment !

Acknowledgement

A part of this work was conducted at NIMS Open Facility of National Institute for Materials Science.