

Tu3E-2

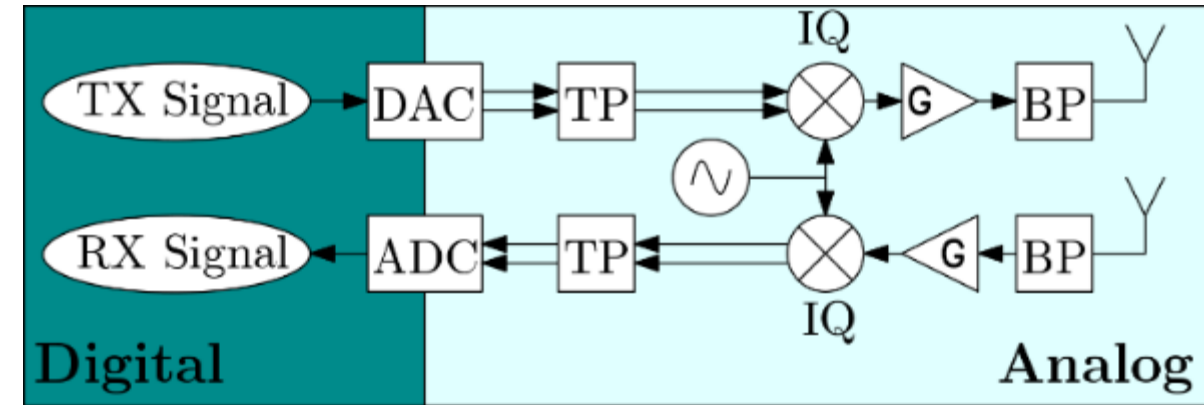
# An All-Digital Carrier Synthesis for Stepped OFDM Radars

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Jürgen Hasch<sup>2</sup>, Christian Waldschmidt<sup>1</sup>

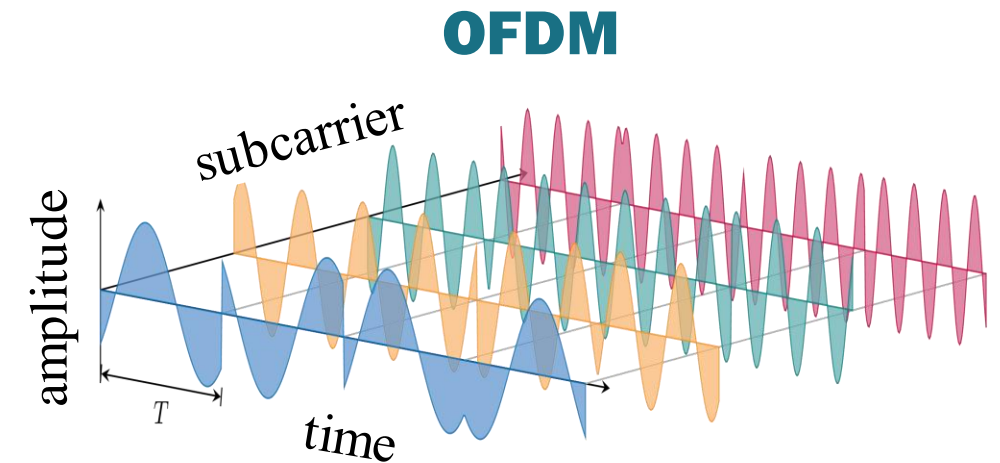
<sup>1</sup> Institute of Microwave Engineering, Ulm University, Germany

<sup>2</sup> Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany

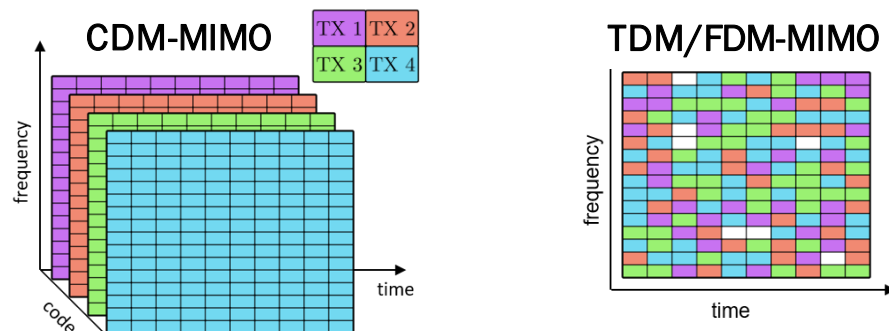
- Digital baseband signal generation & evaluation
- E.g. OFDM radars, PMCW radars



- Extremely flexible signal design with many degrees of freedom
- Arbitrary waveforms
- Adaptive waveforms

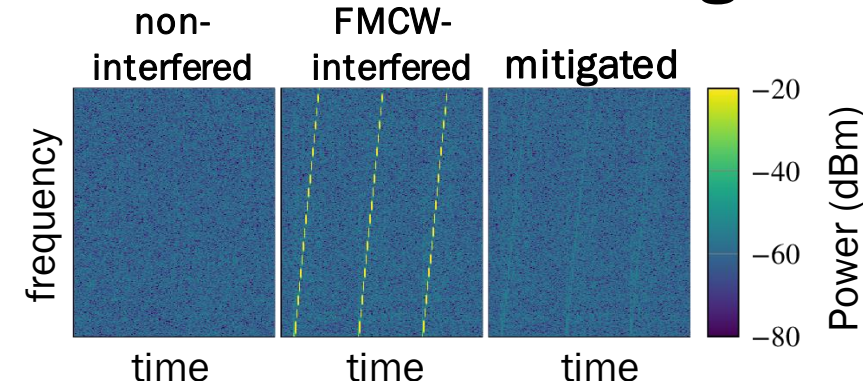


## New and Better MIMO Capabilities



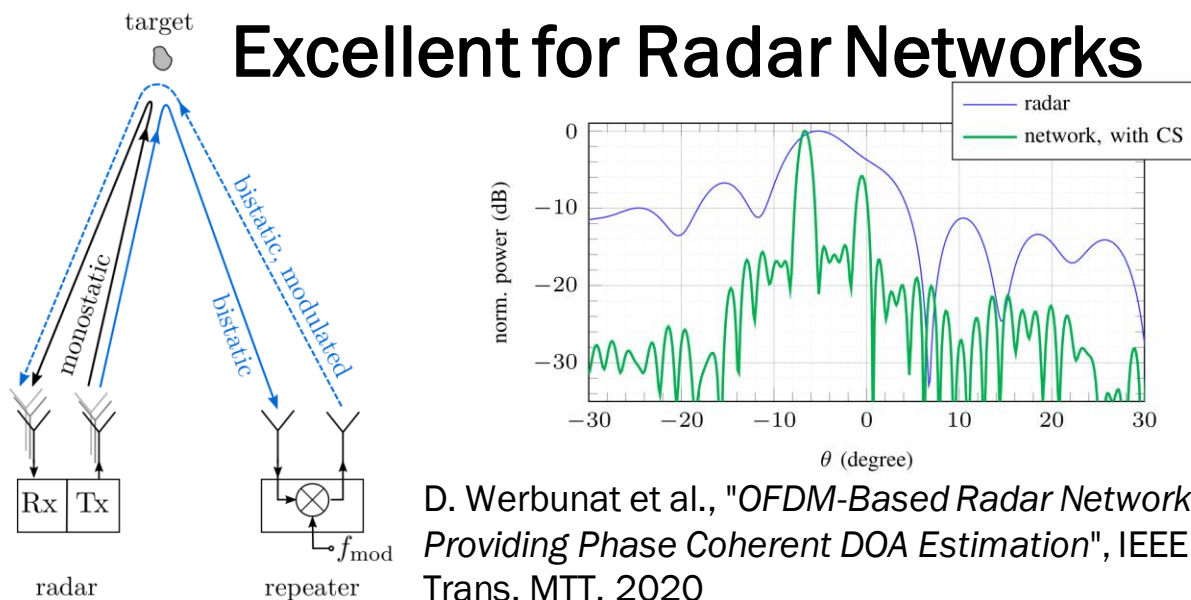
C. Knill et al., "Coded OFDM Waveforms for MIMO Radars", IEEE Trans. on Vehicular Technology 2021

## Simple Interference Mitigation



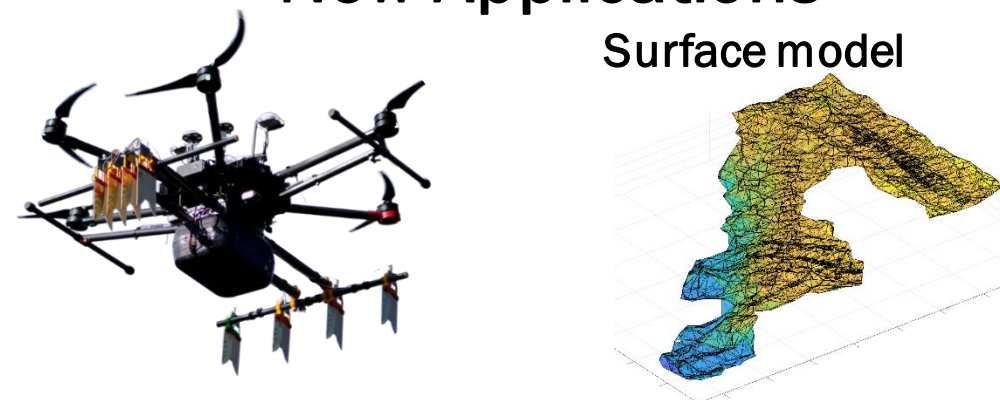
C. Knill et al., "Impact of an Automotive Chirp Sequence Interferer on a Wideband OFDM Radar", EuRAD 2018

## Excellent for Radar Networks



D. Werbunat et al., "OFDM-Based Radar Network Providing Phase Coherent DOA Estimation", IEEE Trans. MTT, 2020

## New Applications



F. Koderer et al., "Robust UAV-Born Fully Digital MIMO OFDM Radar for the Generation of a Digital Elevation Model", EuRAD 2022

# OFDM Radars – Challenges

High resolution → **Large bandwidth** ← Sampling of entire RF BW

## Solutions:

a) ADC/DACs with high sampling rate ( $>2$  GS/s)

**But: Expensive!**

b) Clever signal design and post-processing

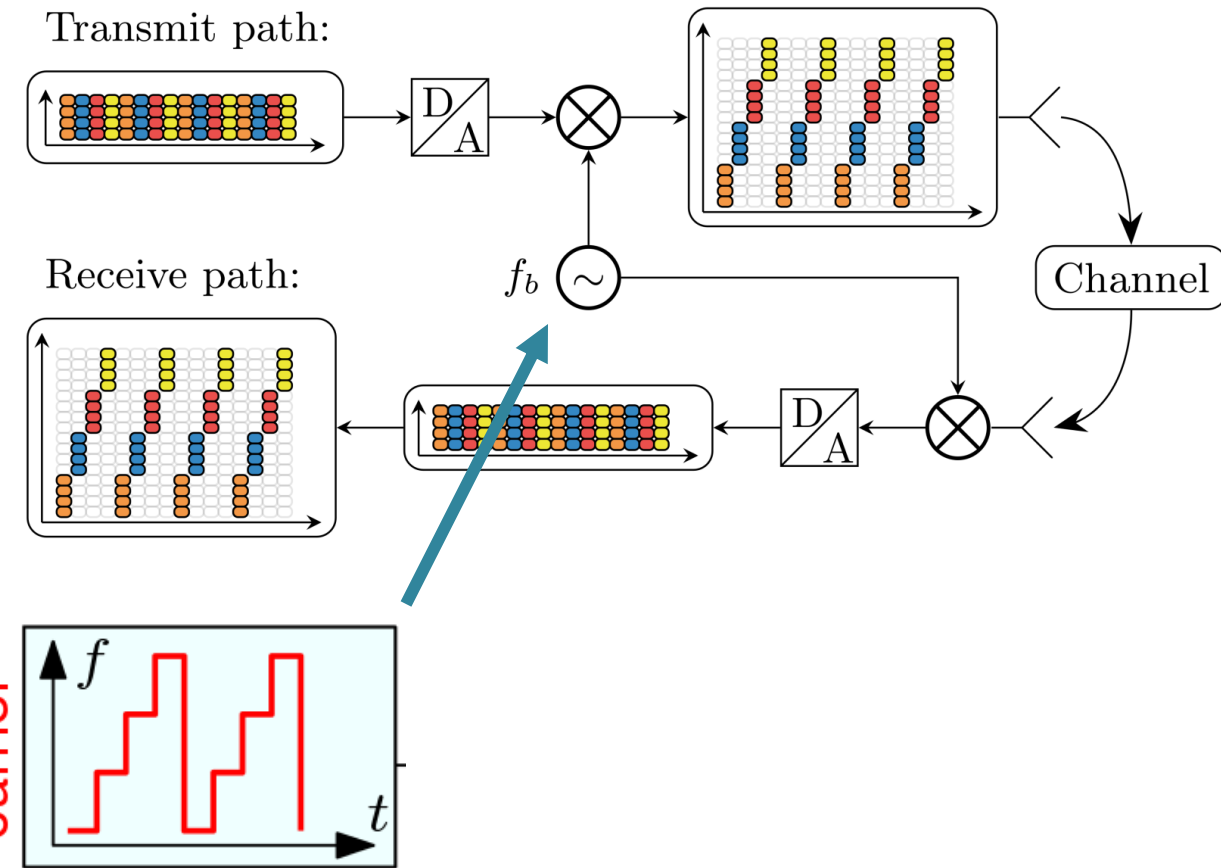
Idea: Reduce ADC/DAC rate and keep full/high resolution

Solution using agile carriers:

→ **Stepped OFDM**

→ Frequency-agile carrier synthesis necessary

→ **DDS-based carrier synthesis!**





Stepped OFDM Radar



Radar System Overview



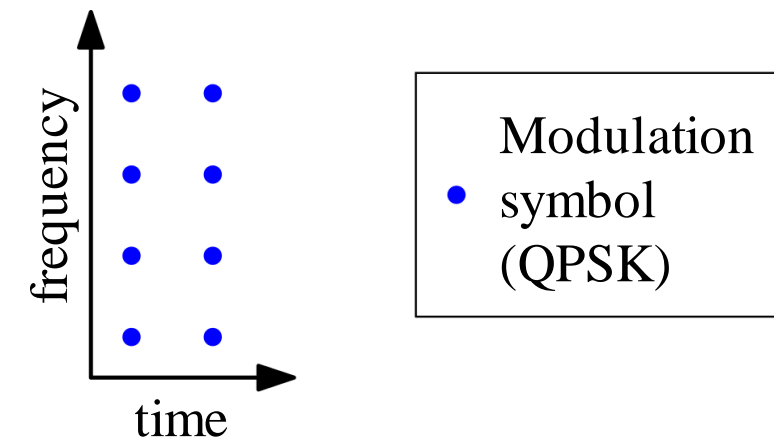
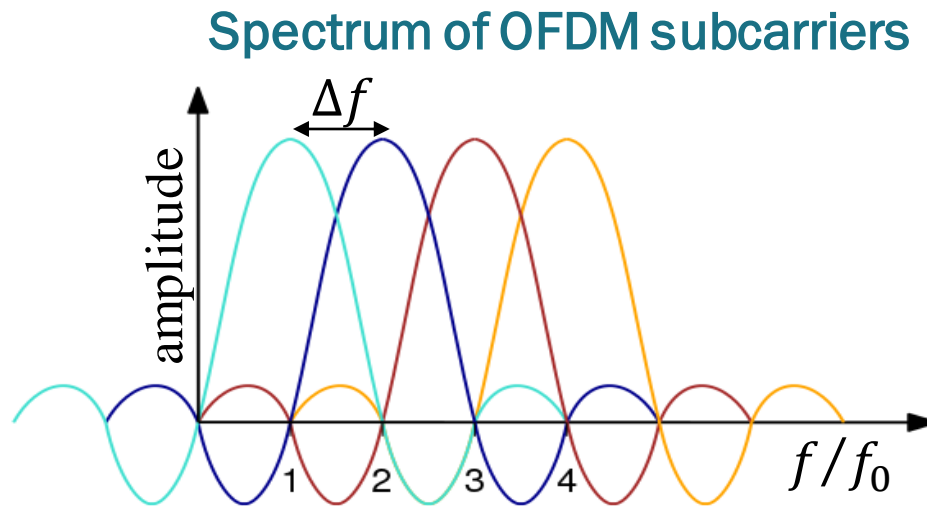
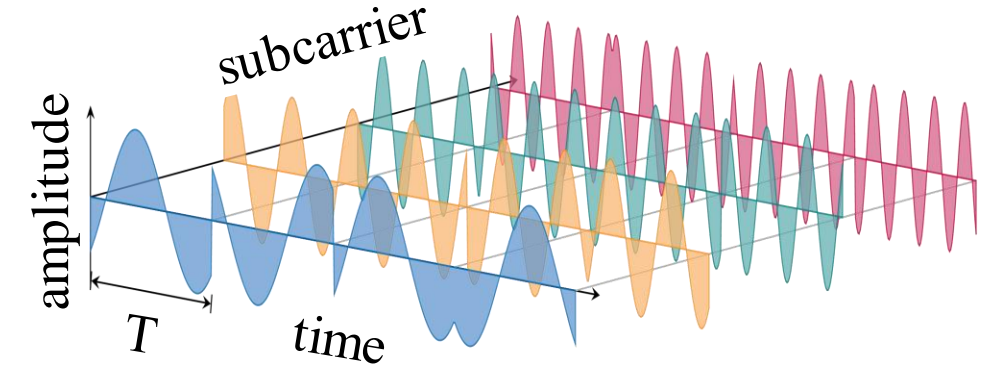
Carrier Synthesis



Radar Measurements



- Many *parallel* CW signals
  - Transmitted simultaneously
- Phase-coded
  - Symbol duration  $T$
- Evaluation with 2D-FFT



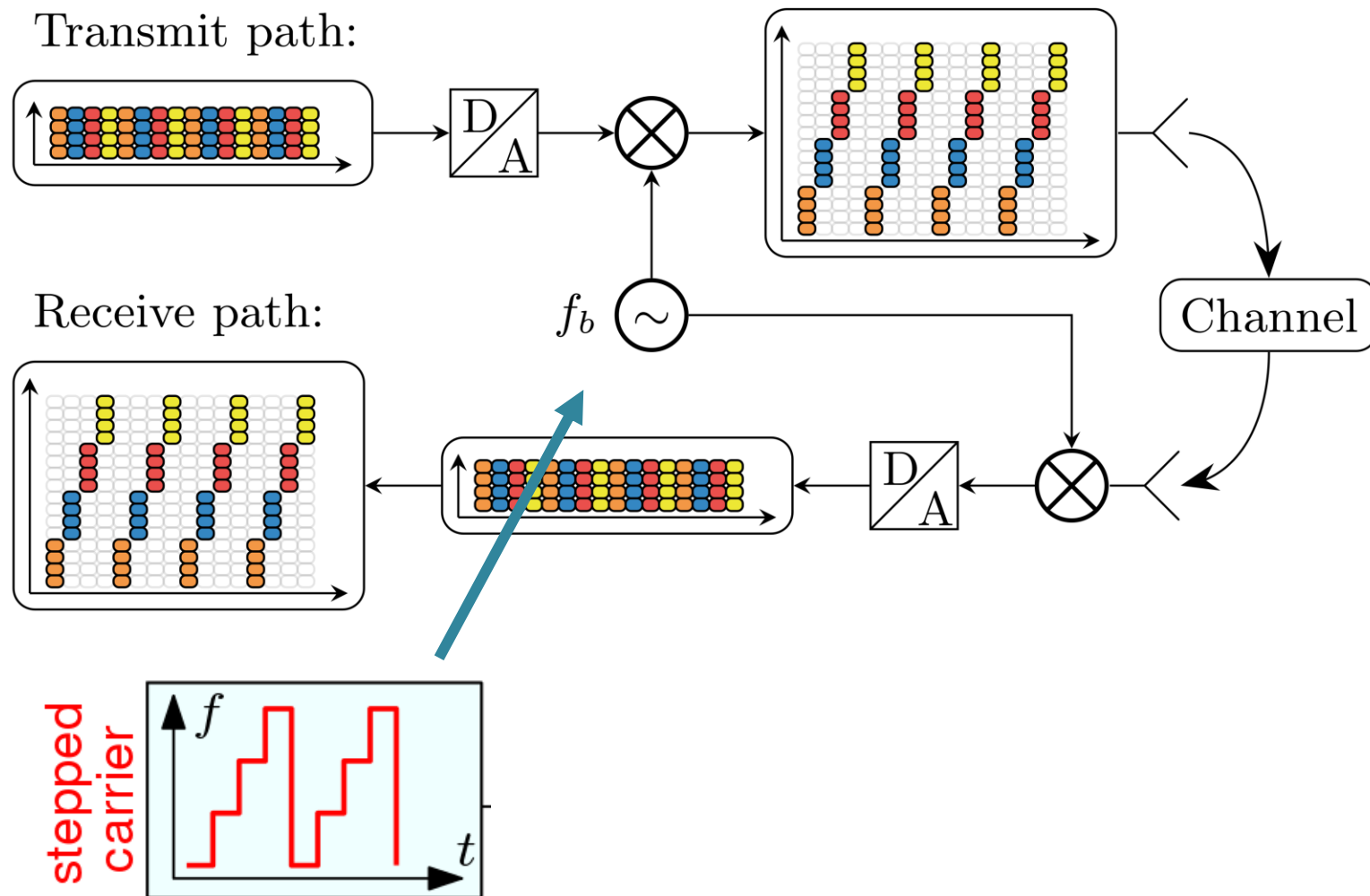
# Stepped OFDM

TX

- Sampling of a low bandwidth OFDM
  - Upconverting with a stepped carrier
- Large RF bandwidth

RX

- Downconverting with a stepped carrier
- Sampling with low bandwidth
- Evaluation according to the RF frequencies



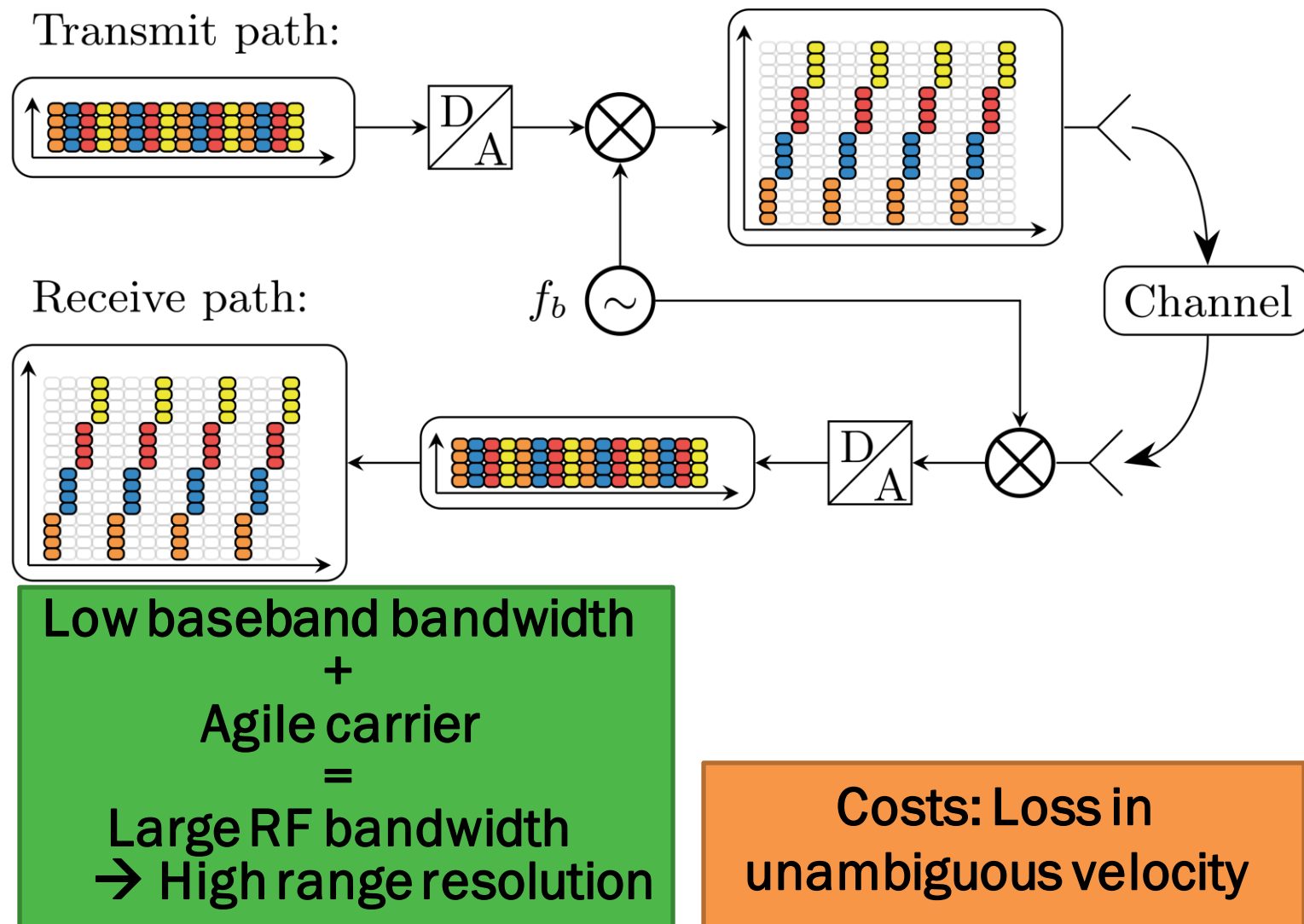
**TX**

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# Stepped OFDM



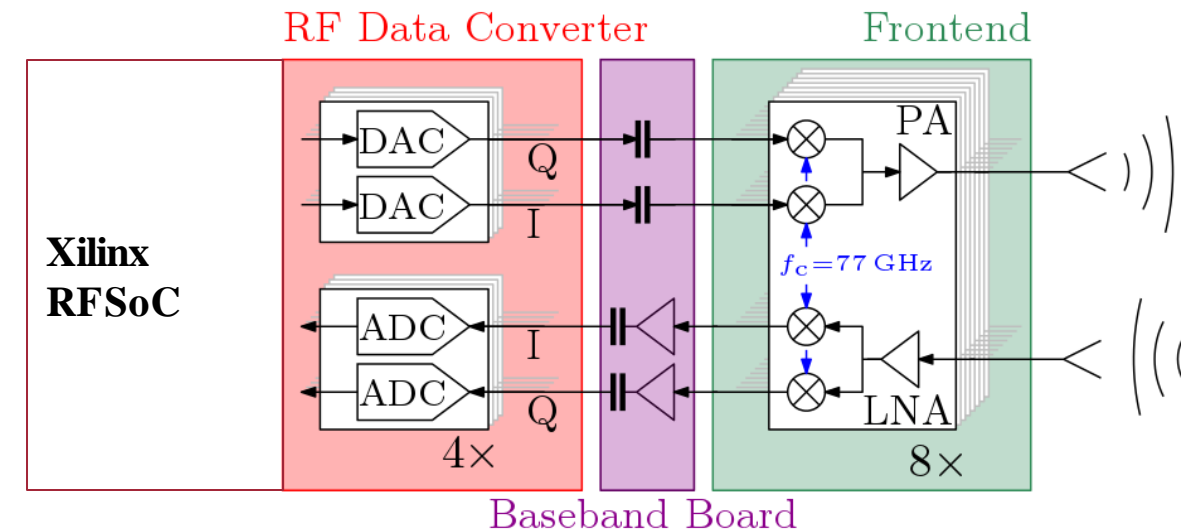
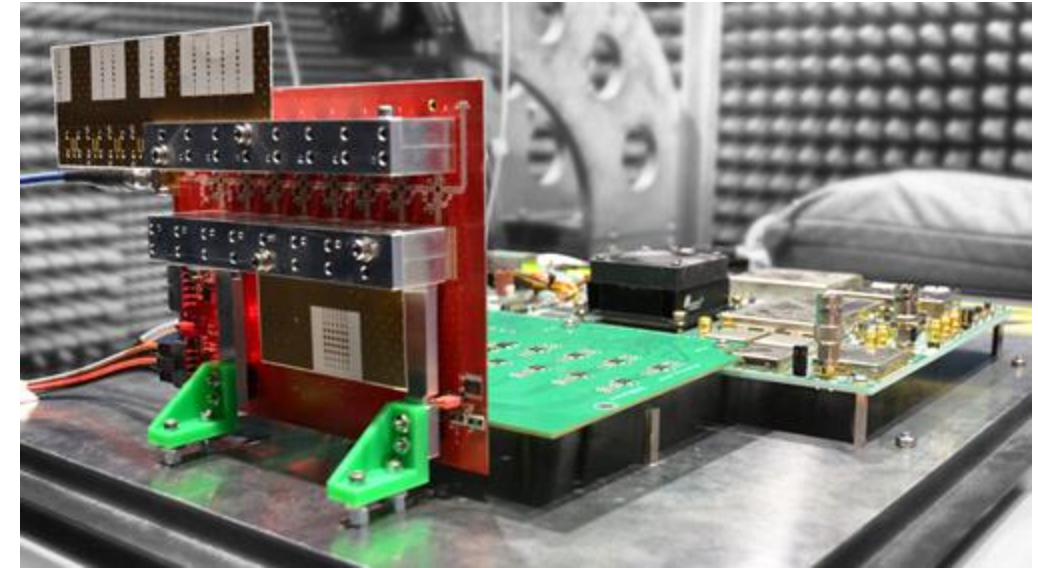


## Frontend:

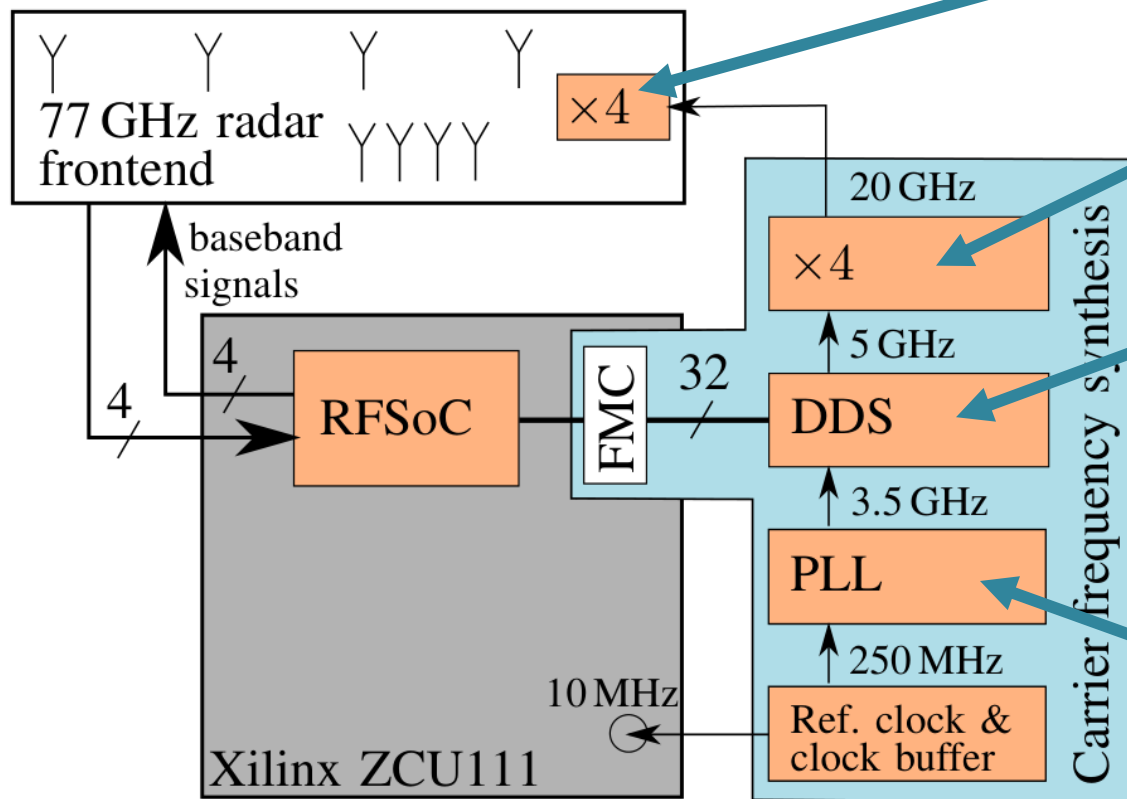
- Eight TRX MMICs used for 4x4 MIMO
- Exchangeable antenna arrays with waveguide transition
- Daisy-chain LO distribution

## Backend:

- Xilinx RFSoc (ZCU111)
  - 8 ADC, 8 DAC
  - 1 GSa/s possible
- 400 MHz baseband bandwidth



# Stepped Carrier Synthesis – System



Subharmonic mixers on frontend:

→ Multiplication by 4

X4 frequency multiplier:

→ Provides 20 GHz Output ( $\sim 77 \text{ GHz} / 4$ )

DDS:

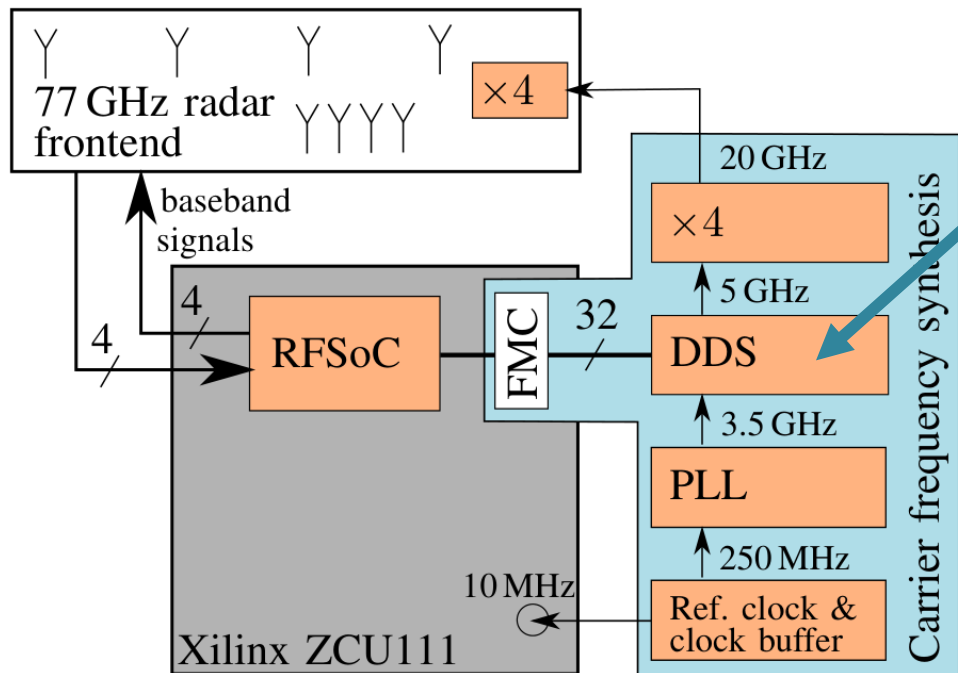
- Instantaneous frequency steps
- 5 GHz Output

→ Agility and flexibility for stepped OFDM!

PLL:

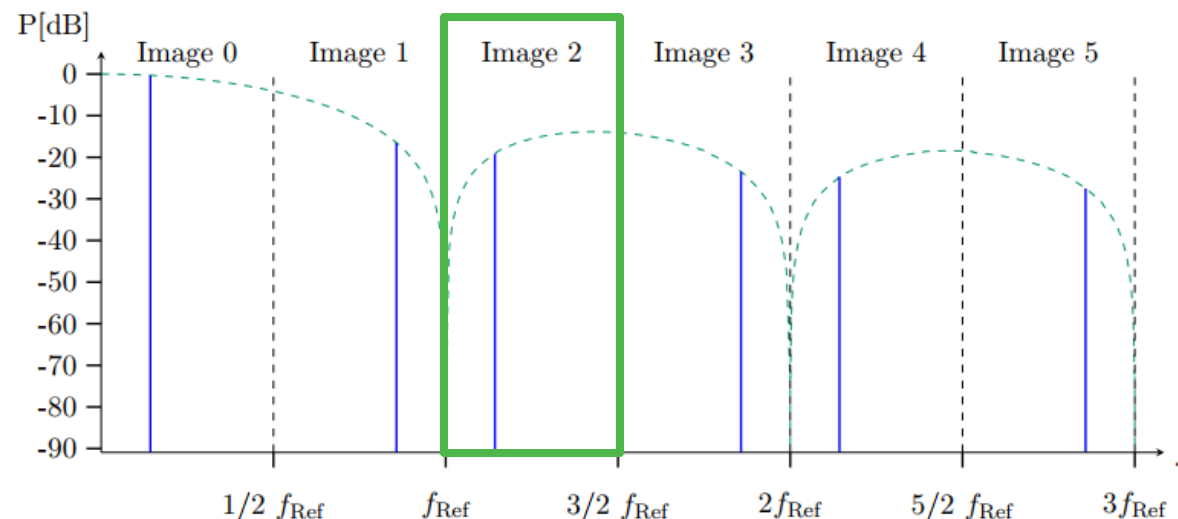
- DDS reference clock generation
- Low tuning-range VCO

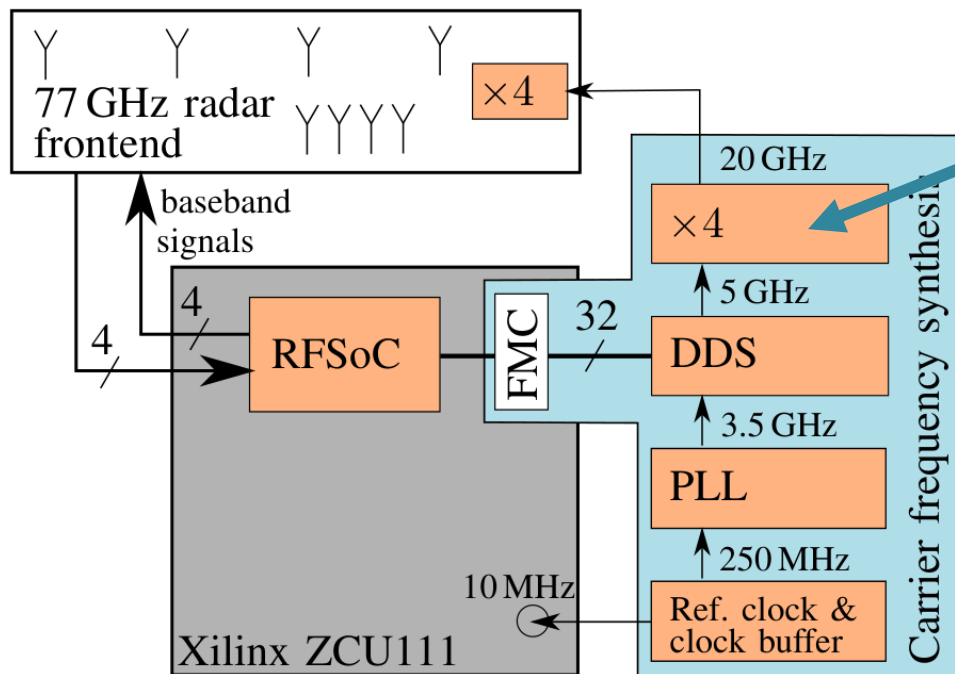
→ Low phase noise reference



## DDS:

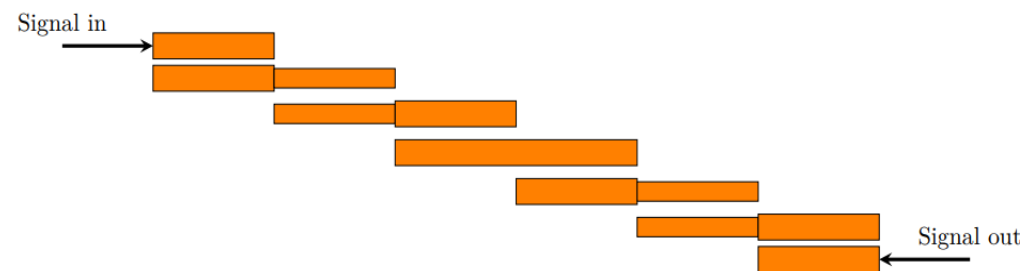
- Analog AD 9914
- 32 bit frequency word
  - Instantaneous frequency changes
  - Full flexibility
  - 13 Hz precision @ RF
- Nyquist image 2
  - 5 GHz output possible
  - Less frequency multiplier



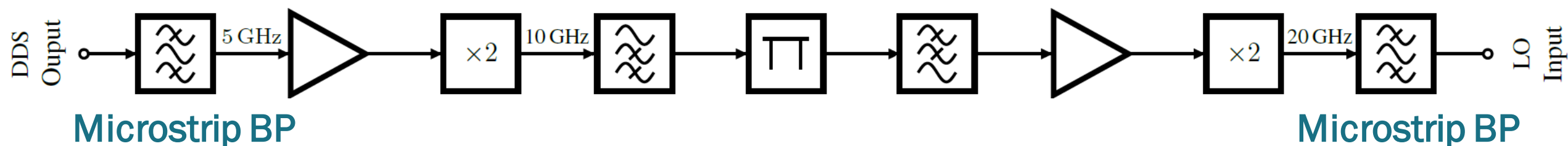


## X4 frequency multiplier:

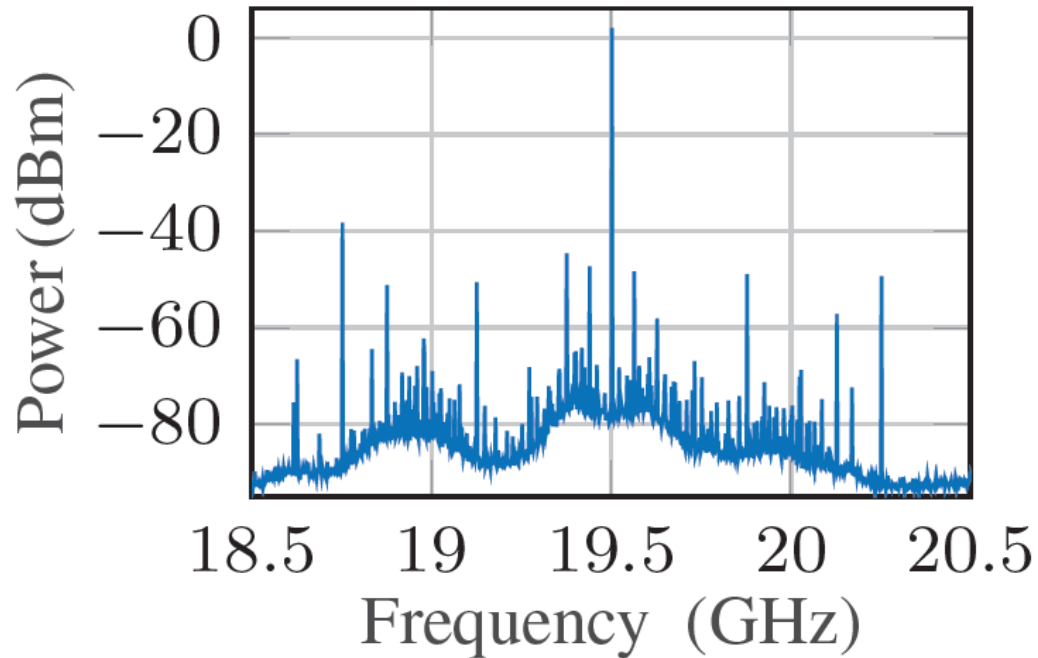
- Two frequency doubler
- Custom designed microstrip bandpass filters (5th-order Chebyshev)  
→ Spur suppression



- Amplifier and attenuators to match output and input powers

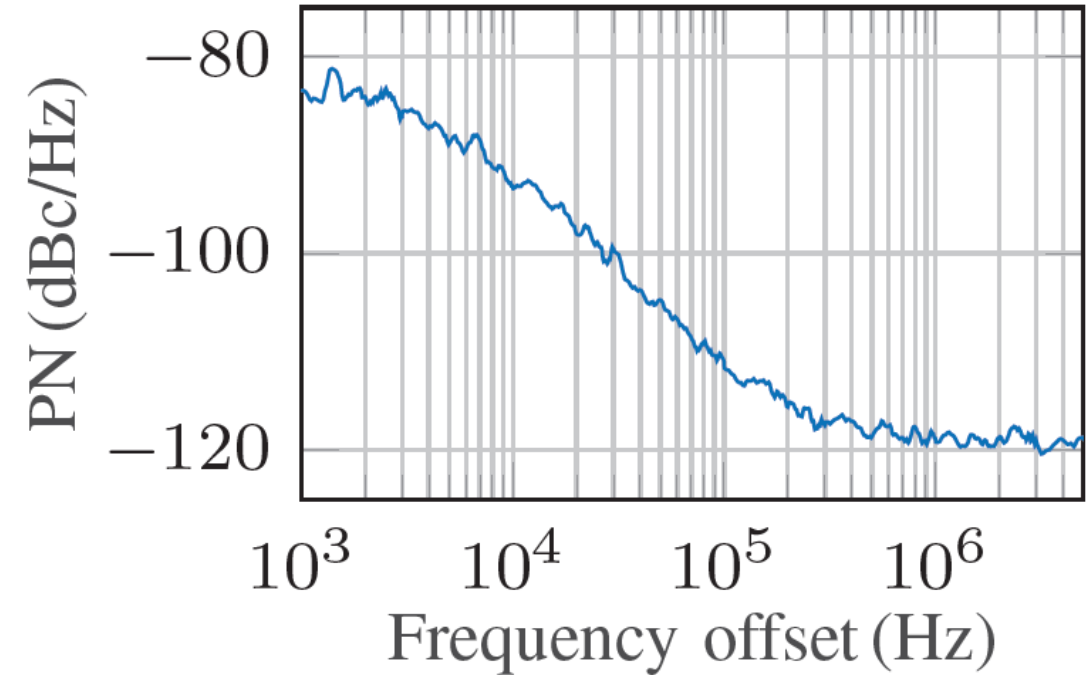


## Output Spectrum



- 40 dB spur suppression
- At least 2 MHz spur offset  
→ No ghost targets

## Phase Noise



- Very low phase noise: -110 dBc/Hz @ 100 kHz  
→ Radar performance not limited by phase noise



# Radar Performance

- Two corner reflectors
- Distance: 1.2 m

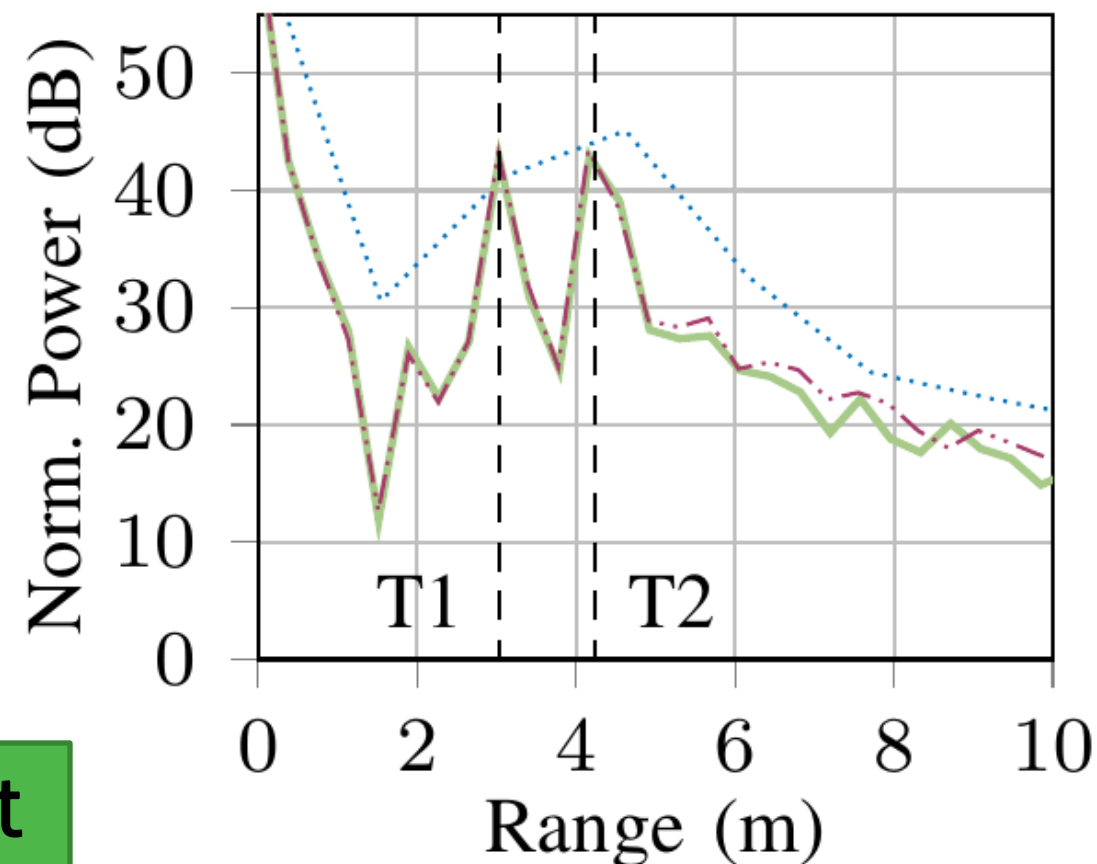
..... No steps, 100 MHz

— 4 steps of 100 MHz

- . - No steps, 400 MHz

**Identical  
performance**

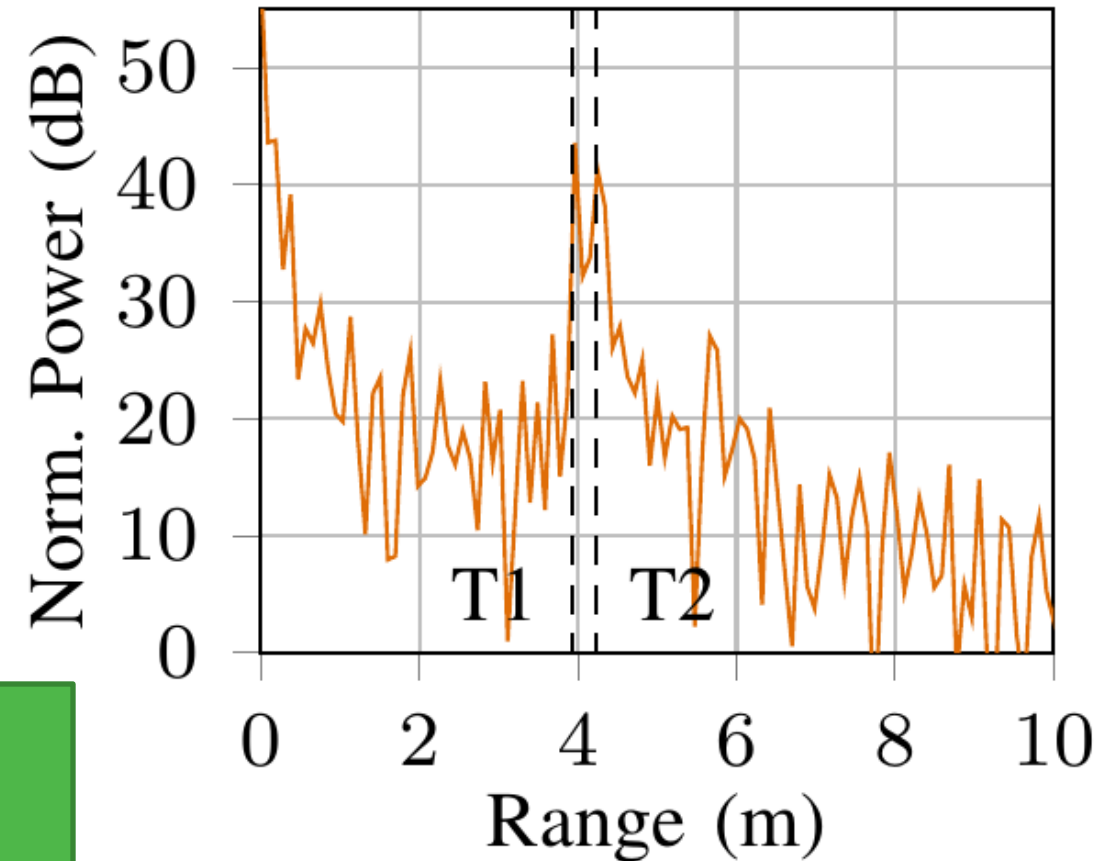
**Stepped carrier synthesis does not  
affect radar performance!**



# Radar Performance

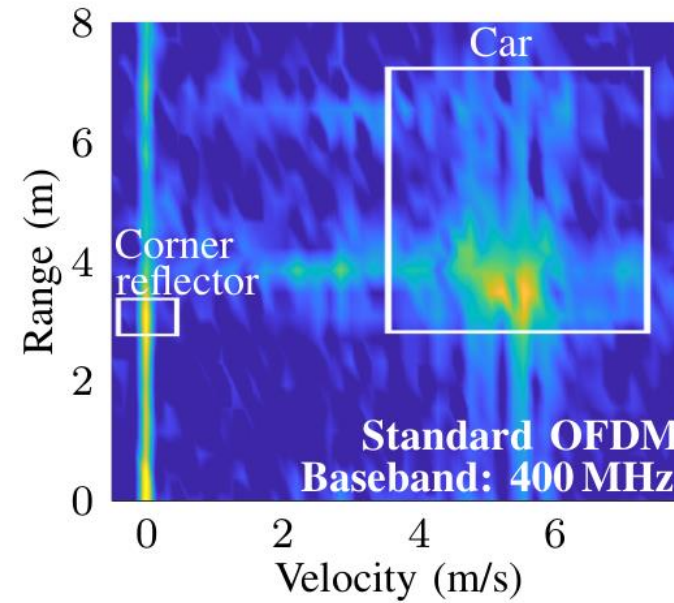
- Two corner reflectors
- Distance: 0.3 m
- 4 steps of 400 MHz
  - 1.6 GHz RF bandwidth!
  - 0.09 m range resolution

**High range resolution & target separability with low baseband bandwidth!**

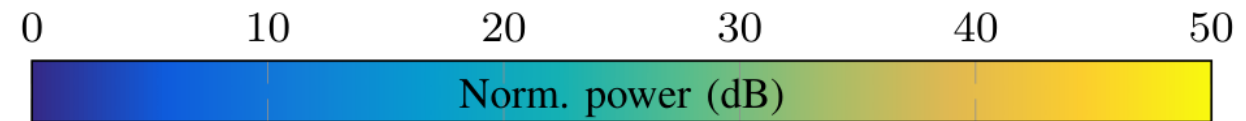
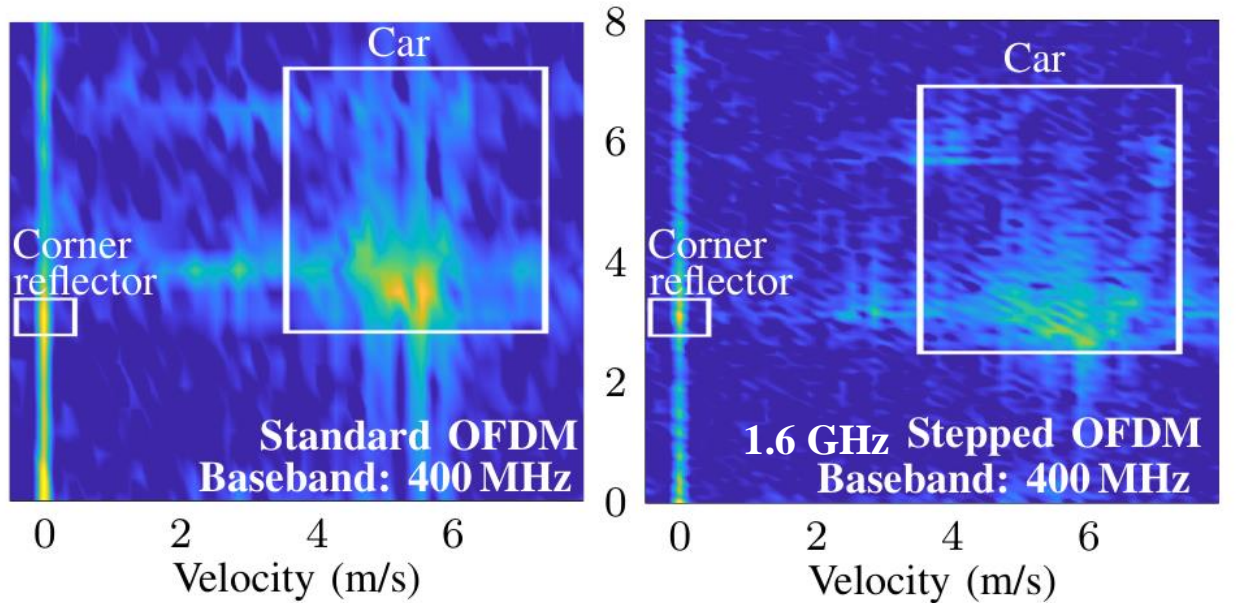




Standard OFDM

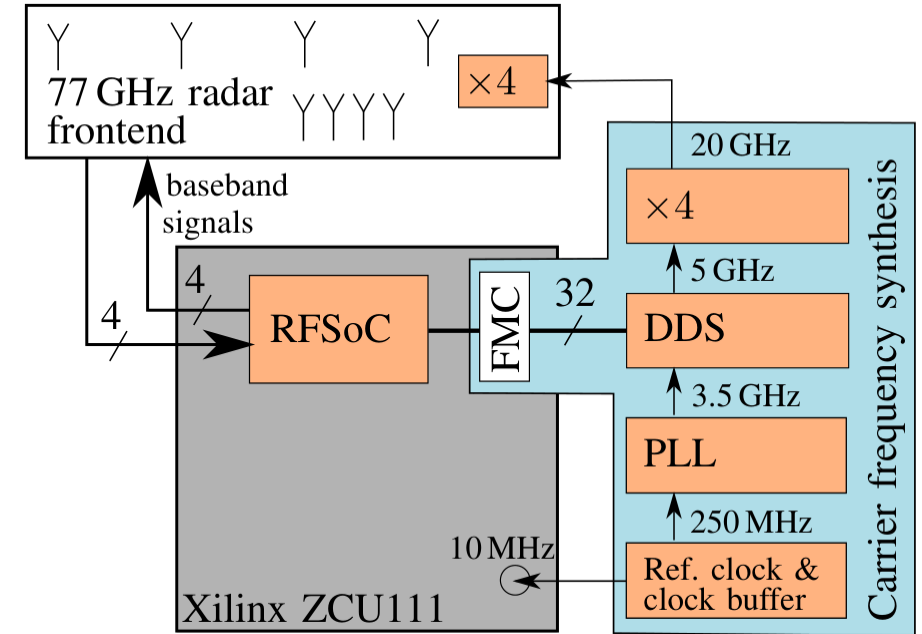


Stepped OFDM: 4 Steps



- **OFDM-radars**
    - High flexibility
    - Drawback: High baseband bandwidth to be sampled
  - **Stepped OFDM**
    - High RF Bandwidth with low baseband bandwidth
    - Agile carrier necessary!
  - **DDS-based carrier synthesis**
    - Fast & flexible
    - Low spurs, low phase noise
- Allows for excellent stepped OFDM performance

**Stepped carrier synthesis enables high range resolution with low baseband bandwidth**



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