

We1B-2

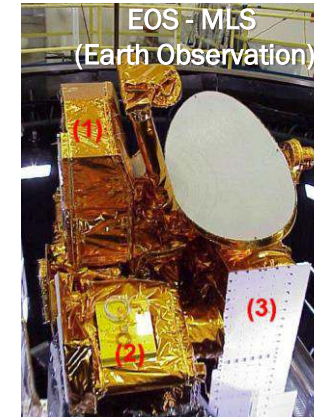
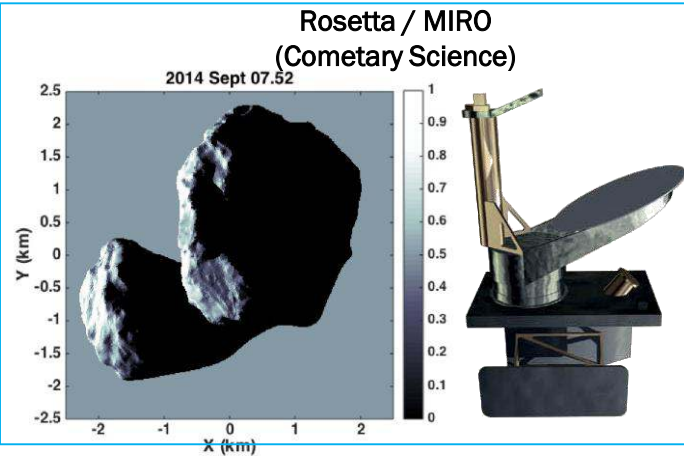
# Integrated Silicon Lens-Antenna based on a Top-Hat Leaky-Wave feed for Quasi-Optical Power Distribution at THz Frequencies

M. Alonso-delPino<sup>#1</sup>, S. Bosma<sup>#</sup>, C. Jung-Kubiak<sup>\$</sup>, J. Bueno<sup>#</sup>,  
G. Chattopadhyay<sup>\$</sup> and N. Llombart<sup>#</sup>

<sup>#</sup>Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands

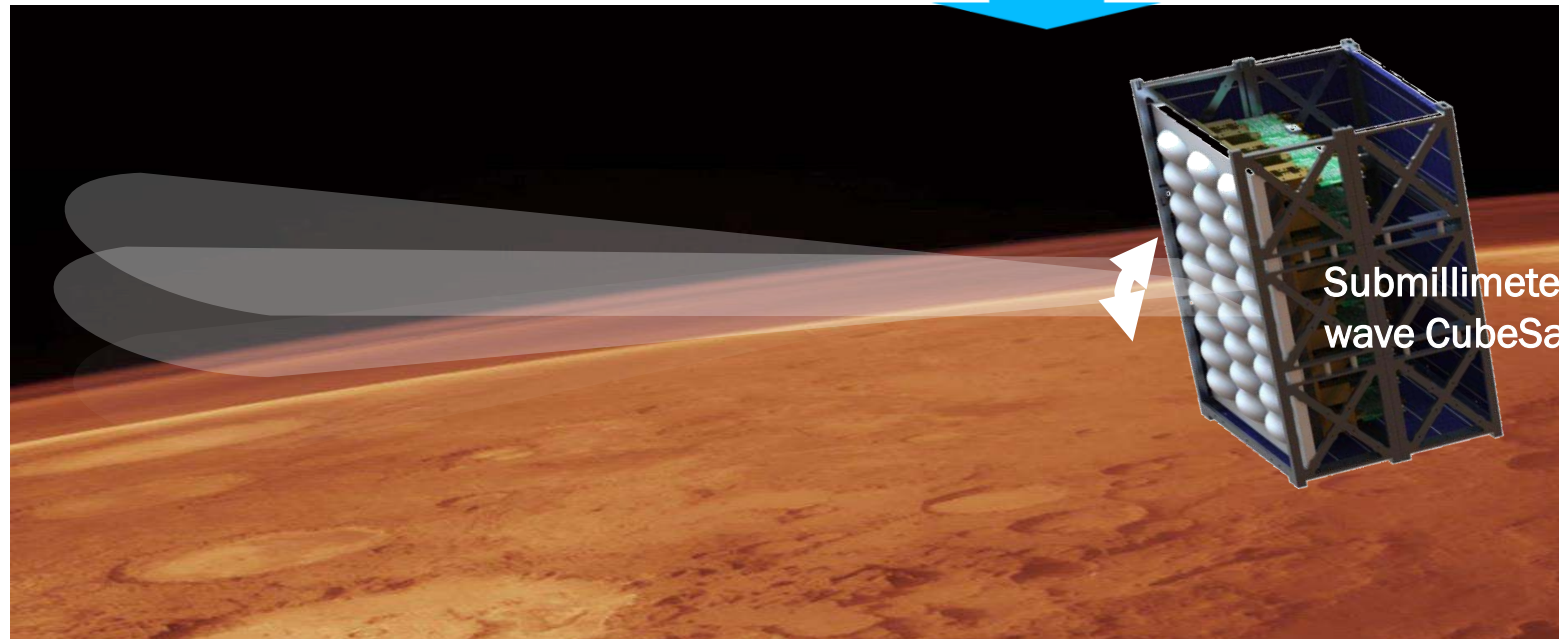
<sup>\$</sup>Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, USA

# Heterodyne Instrument Requirements at Submillimeter Wavelengths

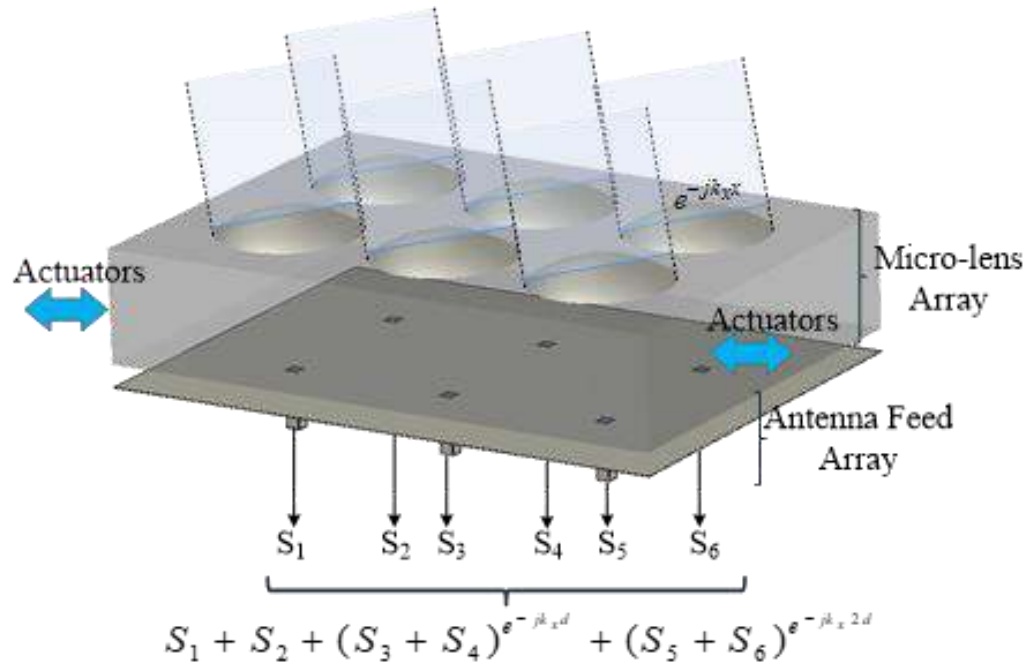


## Opto-mechanical reflectors

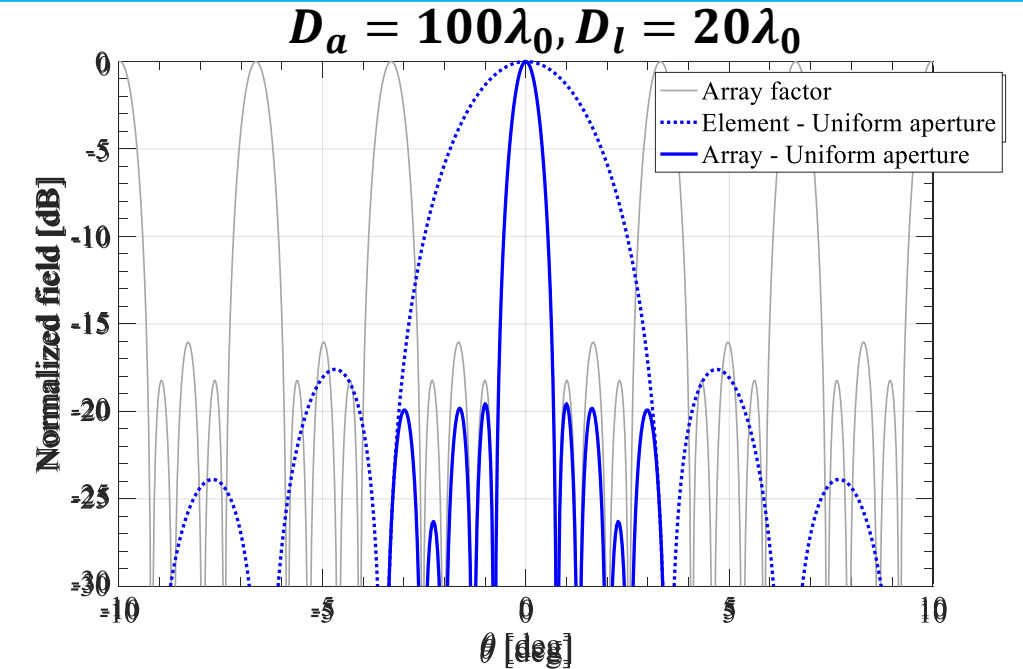
- Bulky
- Slow
- Power consumption



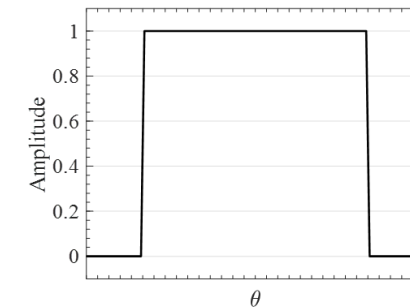
- High-Gain (50 dBi)
- Bandwidth > 25 %
- Steerable ( $\pm 25^\circ$ )
- Compact Antennas for Small-Sat Platforms



## Lens Feed Requirement



Low GLL  $\rightarrow$  *Uniform Aperture*  $\rightarrow$  Top Hat Lens Feed

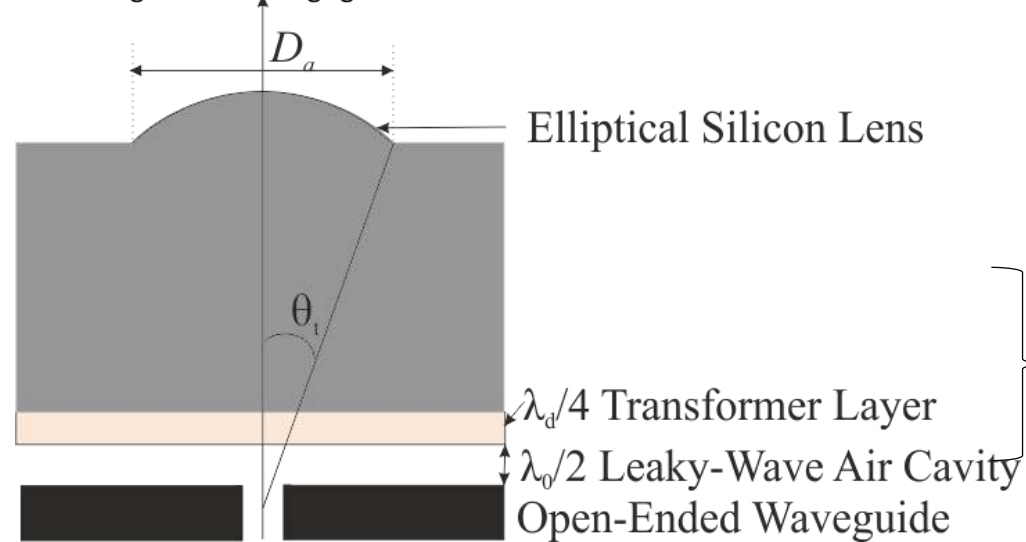


- $\rightarrow$  Low profile antenna with few active elements
- $\rightarrow$  Facilitates integration, reduces thermal problems

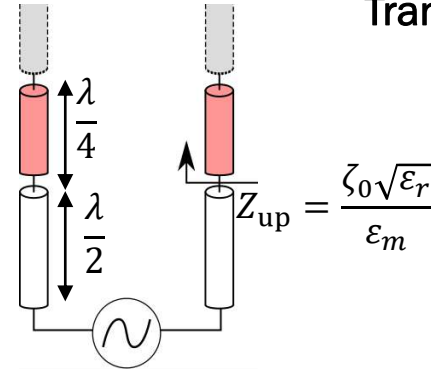
M. Alonso-delPino, S. Bosma, C. Jung-Kubiak, G. Chattopadhyay and N. Llombart, "Wideband Multimode Leaky-Wave Feed for Scanning Lens-Phased Array at Submillimeter Wavelengths," in *IEEE TTST*, March 2021



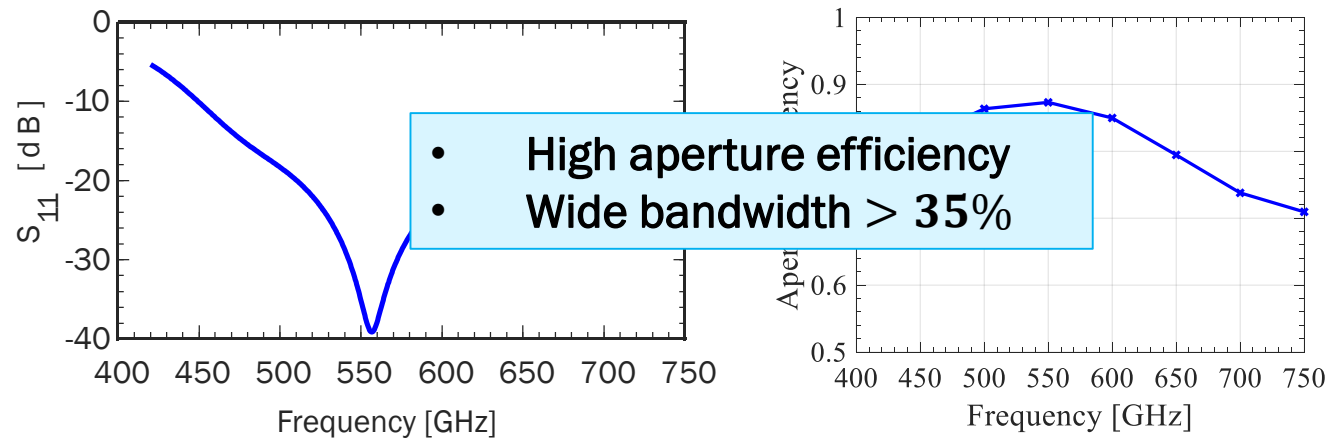
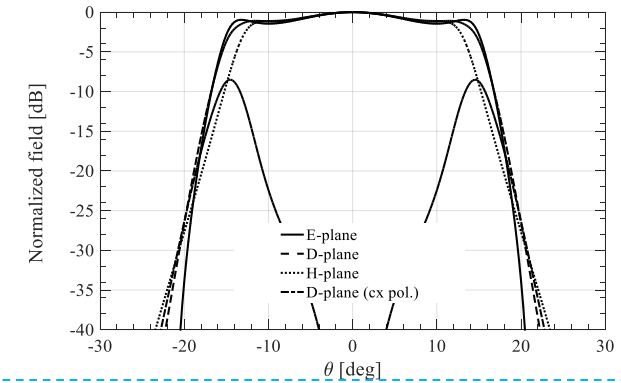
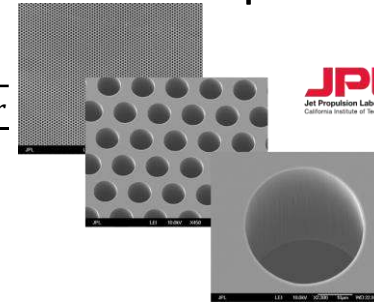
# Multi-Mode LW Antenna at 550GHz



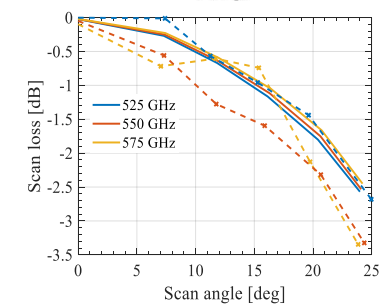
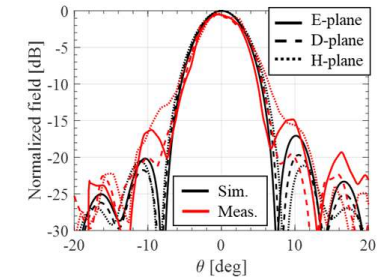
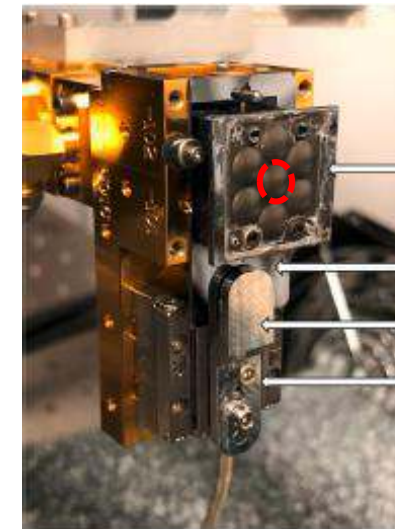
## Multi-mode Leaky Wave Feed



## Transformer Layer Synthesis: Silicon DRIE process



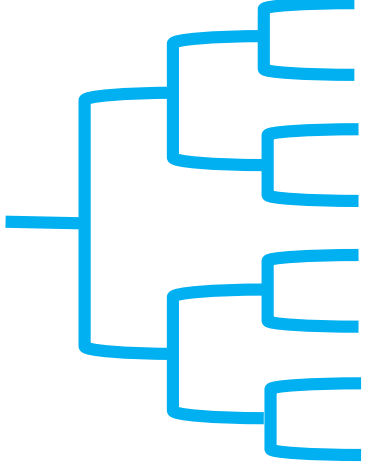
## Demonstration of Embedded Element Pattern



M. Alonso-delPino, S. Bosma, C. Jung-Kubiak, G. Chattopadhyay and N. Llombart, "Wideband Multimode Leaky-Wave Feed for Scanning Lens-Phased Array at Submillimeter Wavelengths," in *IEEE TTST*, March 2021

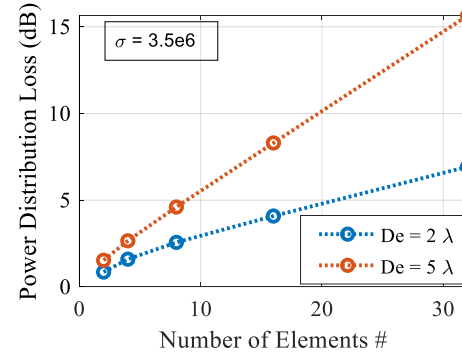
# Power Distribution of Heterodyne Instrument at Submillimeter Wavelengths

## Guided Power Distribution



## Waveguide Based Distributions

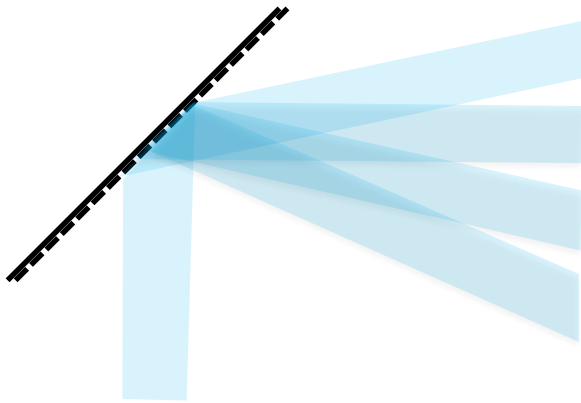
@ 550 GHz losses are around  $0.2\text{dB}/\lambda$  [1] for  $\sigma = 3.5e6$



- ☹ High loss
- ☹ Not scalable for large number of pixels

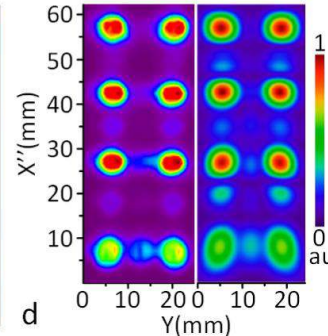
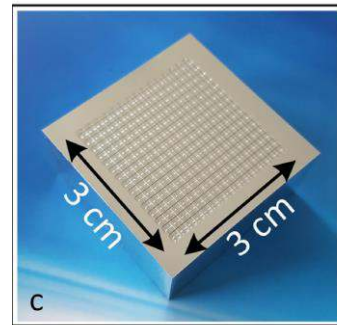
[1] M. Alonso-del Pino, et al "Micromachining for Advanced Terahertz: Interconnects and Packaging Techniques at Terahertz Frequencies," in *IEEE Microwave Magazine*, vol. 21, no. 1, pp. 18-34, Jan. 2020, doi: 10.1109/MMM.2019.2945157.

## QO Power Distribution



## Phase gratings

1.4 THz Grating 1 to 8 beams



- ☹ Narrow band (<5% bandwidth)
- ☹ Not scalable for large number of pixels

B. Mirzaei, et.al., "Efficiency of multi-beam Fourier phase gratings at 1.4 THz," *Opt. Express* 25, 6581-6588 (2017)

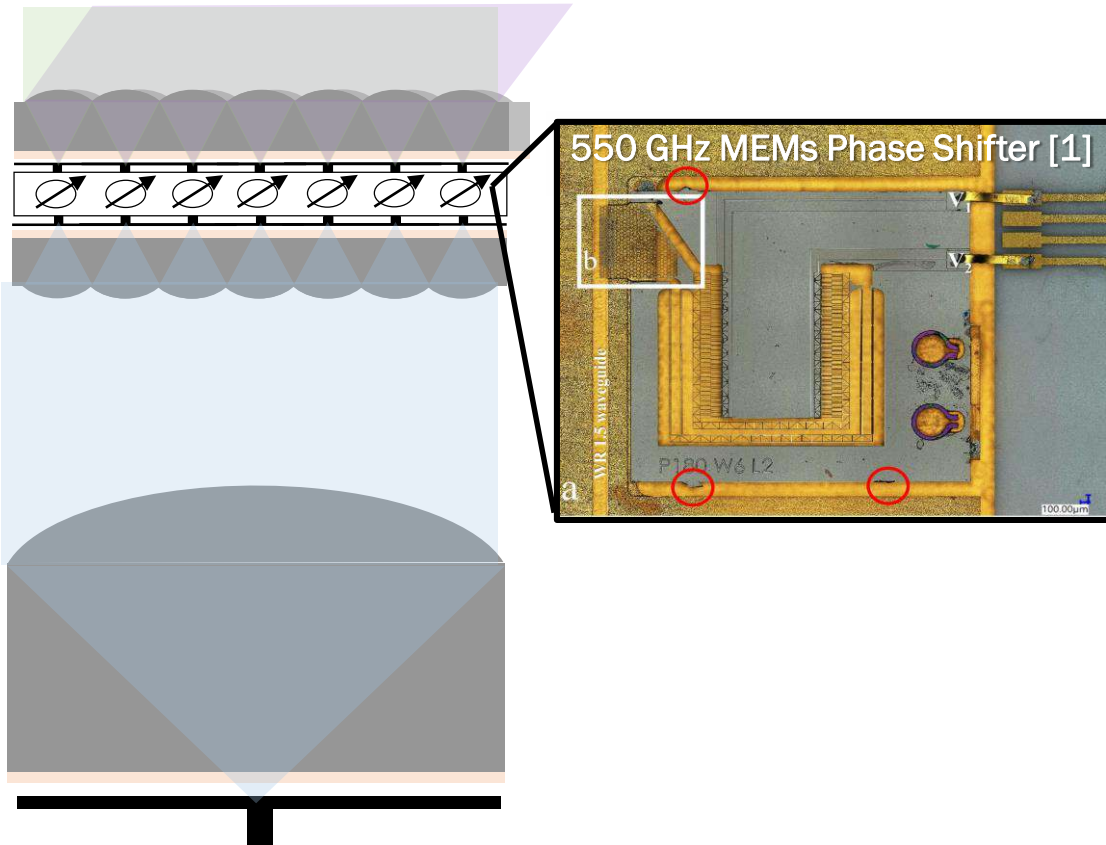
Proposed QO Coupling Architecture For arrays

- ☺ Wide Bandwidth
- ☺ Low Loss
- ☺ Scalable for large number of pixels

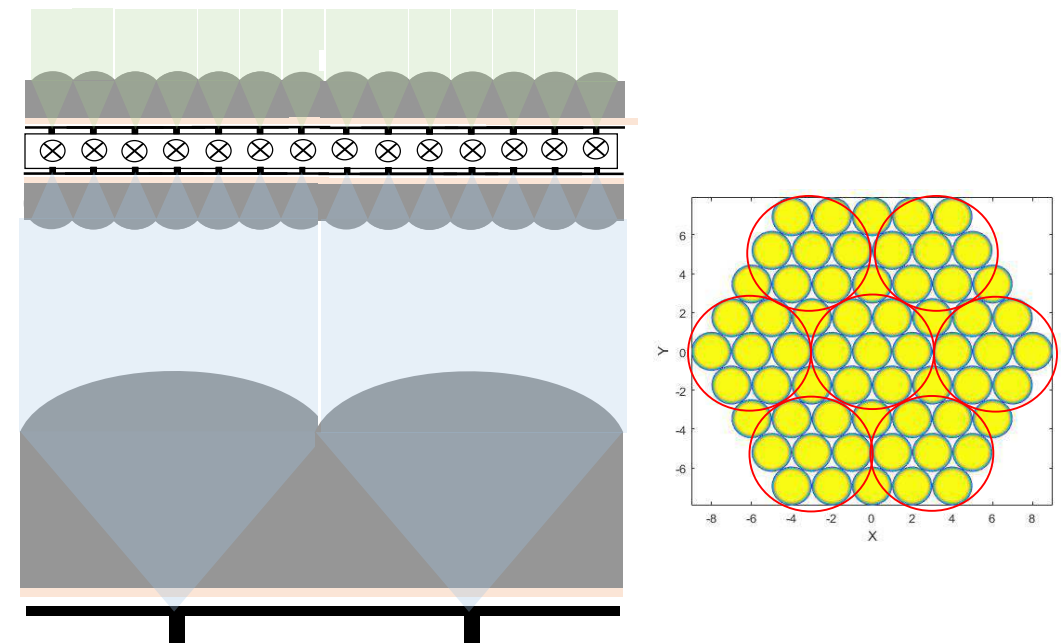


# Lens Transmit Arrays for Submillimeter-Wave Instruments

## Scanning Lens Phased Arrays



## Focal Plane Arrays



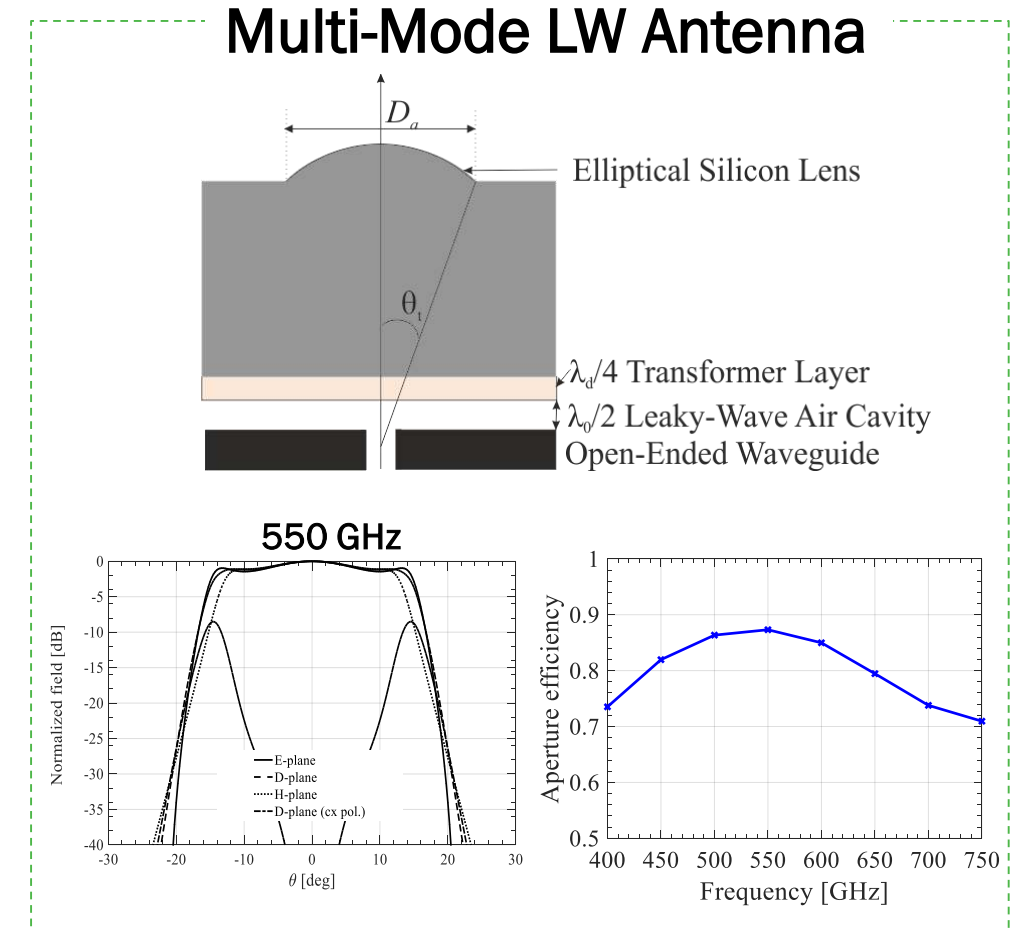
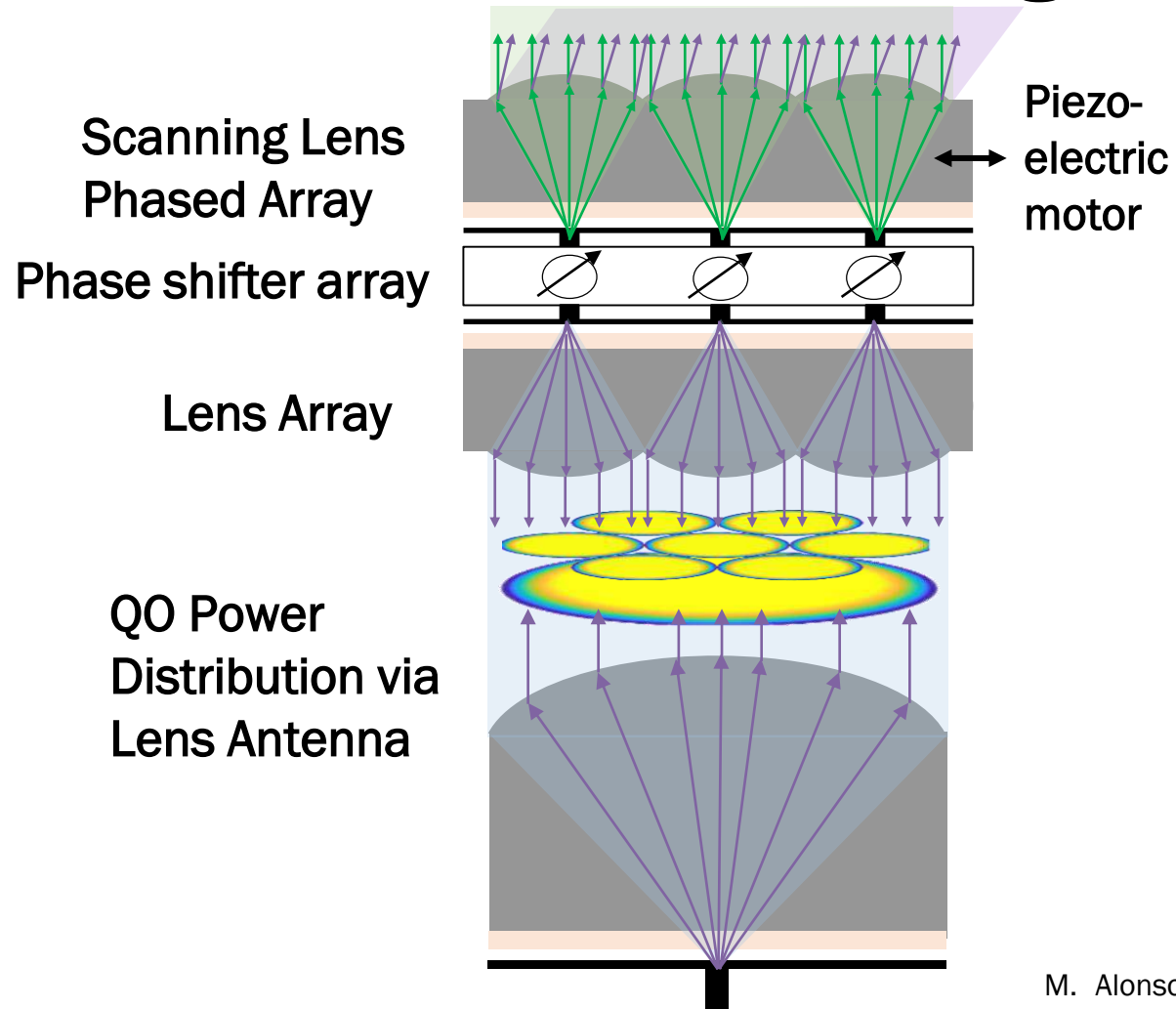
A 550GHz source of 30mW[2] can feed around:

- 15 Schottky mixers
- >1000 SIS mixers

[1] S. Rahiminejad, M. Alonso-delPino, T. Reck, A. Peralta, R. Lin, C. Jung-Kubiak, G. Chattopadhyay, "A Low-Loss Silicon MEMS Phase Shifter Operating in the 550-GHz Band," in *IEEE Transactions on Terahertz Science and Technology*, vol. 11, no. 5, pp. 477-485, Sept. 2021, doi: 10.1109/TTHZ.2021.3085123.

[2] J. V. Siles, K. B. Cooper, C. Lee, R. H. Lin, G. Chattopadhyay and I. Mehdi, "A New Generation of Room-Temperature Frequency-Multiplied Sources With up to 10× Higher Output Power in the 160-GHz–1.6-THz Range," in *IEEE Transactions on Terahertz Science and Technology*, vol. 8, no. 6, pp. 596-604, Nov. 2018, doi: 10.1109/TTHZ.2018.2876620.

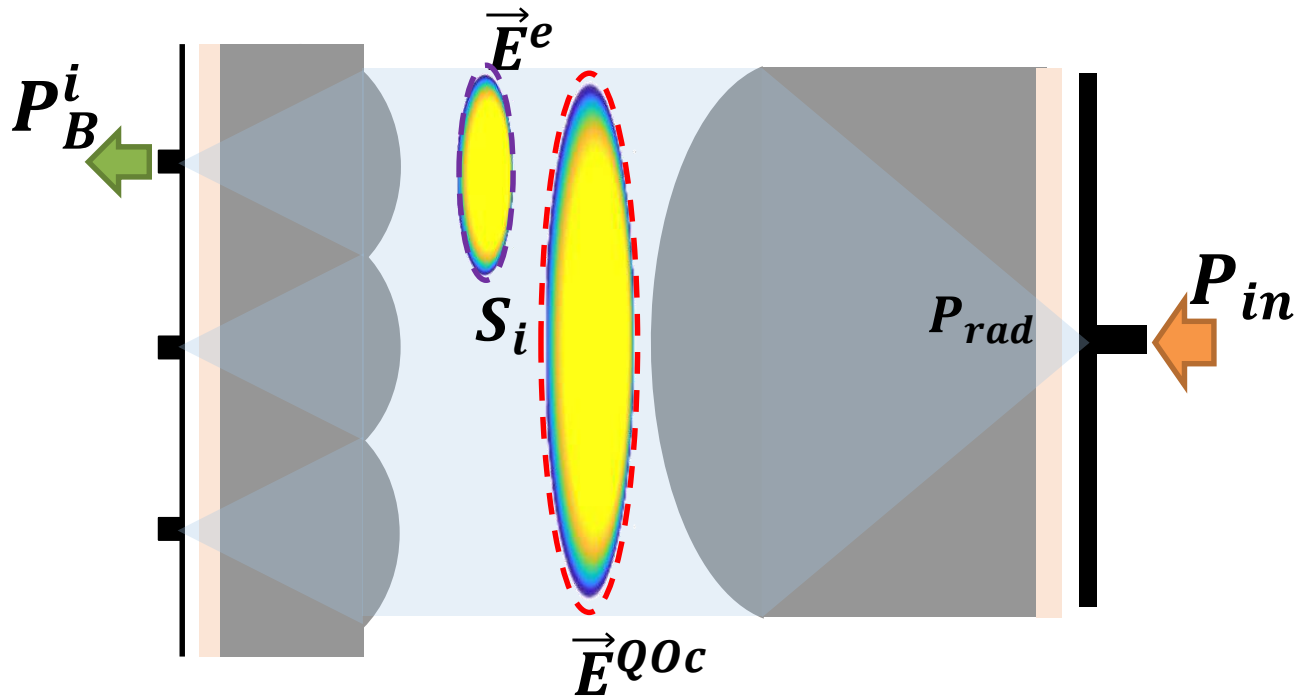
# IMS Proof of Concept at 550GHz in Silicon micromachining



M. Alonso-delPino, S. Bosma, C. Jung-Kubiak, G. Chattopadhyay and N. Llombart, "Wideband Multimode Leaky-Wave Feed for Scanning Lens-Phased Array at Submillimeter Wavelengths," in *IEEE TTST*, March 2021



# IMS Analysis of the Power distribution into the Array



- Coupling efficiency from a single lens antenna to the array of waveguides:

$$\eta_P = \frac{1}{P_{in}} \sum_{i=1}^N P_B^i$$

- Power received on the lens array element  $i$ :

$$P_B^i = \frac{|(V_{oc}I)^{(i)}|^2}{16P_{rad}}$$

$\vec{E}_i^e$  and  $\vec{E}^{top\ hat}$  obtained using a GO field propagation in the near-field and far-field from [2]

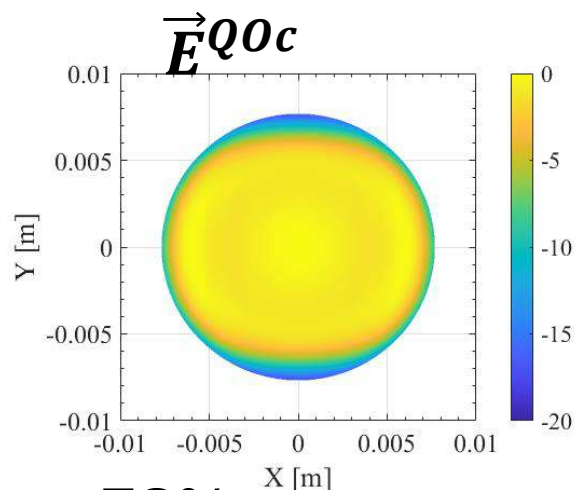
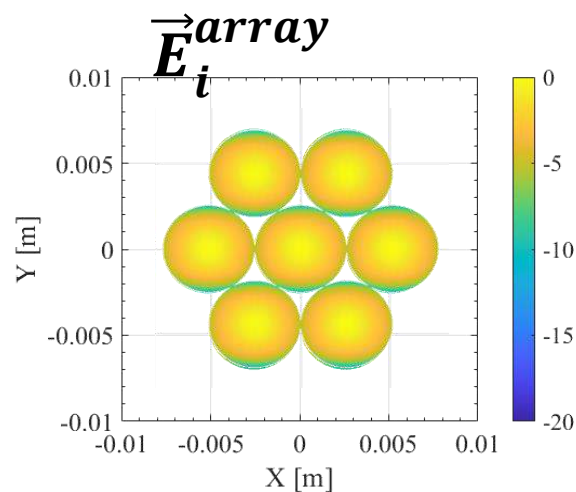
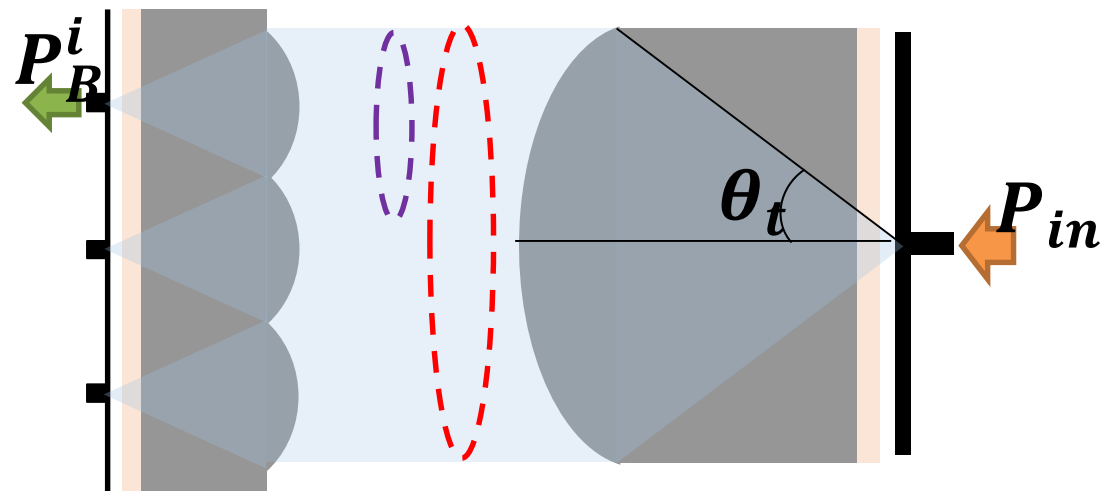
$$(V_{oc}I)^{(i)} = \frac{2}{\zeta_0} \iint_{S_i} \vec{E}_i^e \cdot \vec{E}^{QOc} dS$$

[1] M. Arias Campo, D. Blanco, S. Bruni, A. Neto and N. Llombart, "On the Use of Fly's Eye Lenses with Leaky-Wave Feeds for Wideband Communications," in IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation, vol. 68, no. 4, pp. 2480-2493, April 2020, doi: 10.1109/TAP.2019.2952474

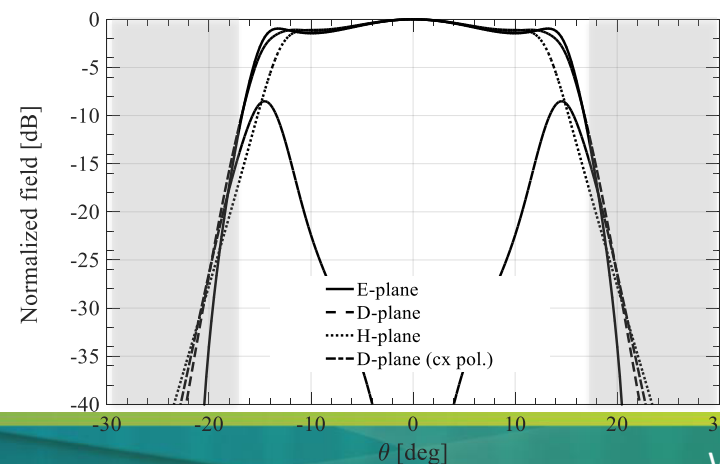
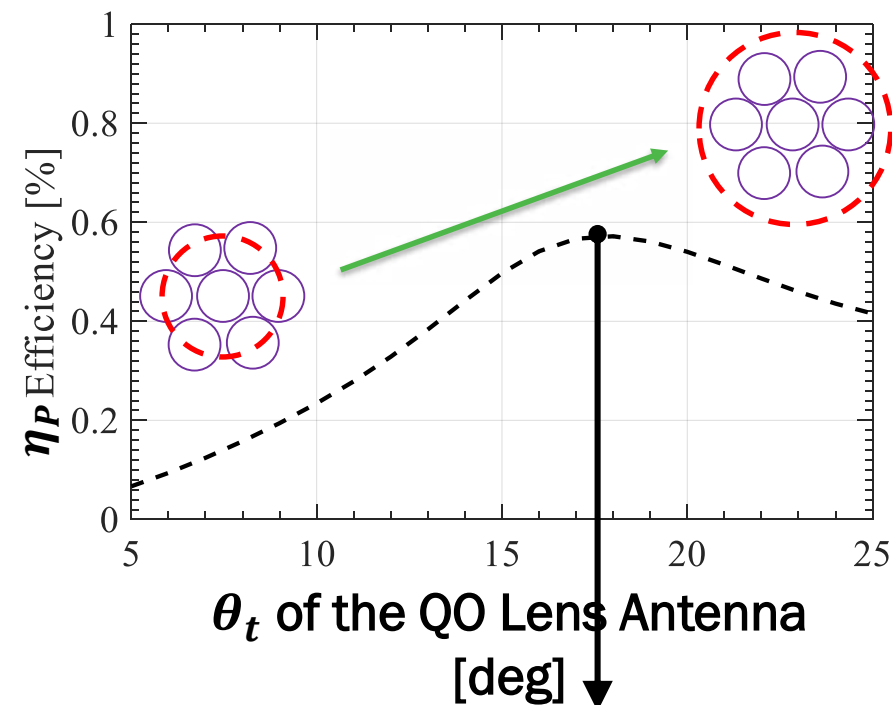
[2] H. Zhang, S. O. Dabironezare, G. Carluccio, A. Neto and N. Llombart, "A GO/FO Tool for Analyzing Quasi-Optical Systems in Reception," 2019 44th International Conference on Infrared, Millimeter, and Terahertz Waves (IRMMW-THz), Paris, France, 2019, pp. 1-2, doi: 10.1109/IRMMW-THz.2019.8873950.

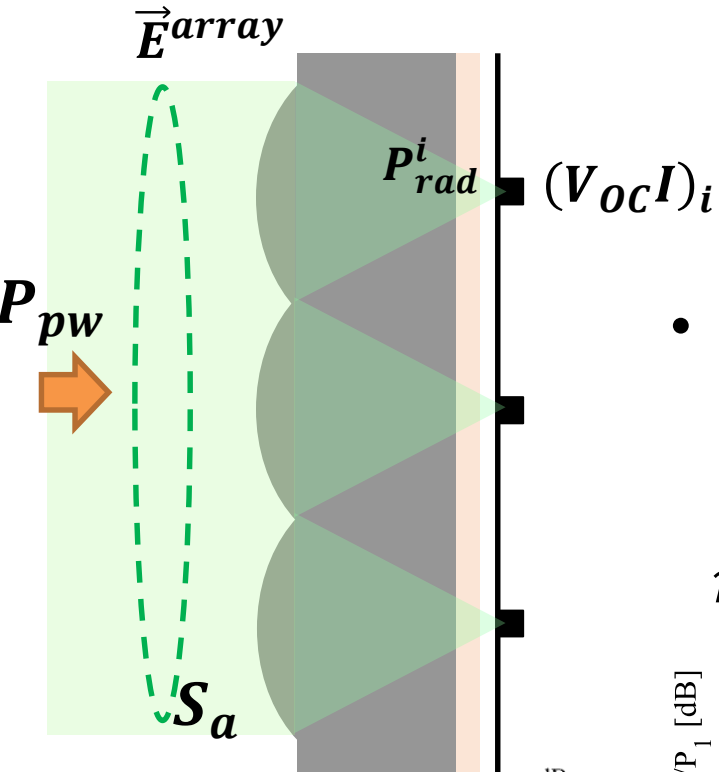


# Optimization of the Power distribution into the Array



$\eta_{fill-factor} \approx 78\%$



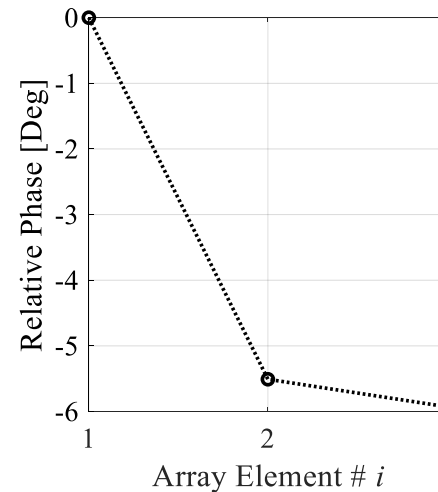
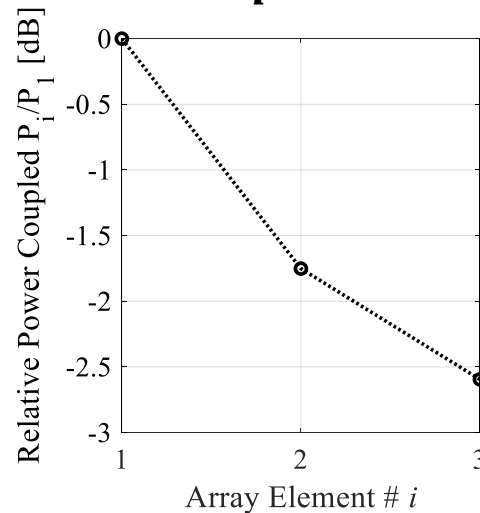
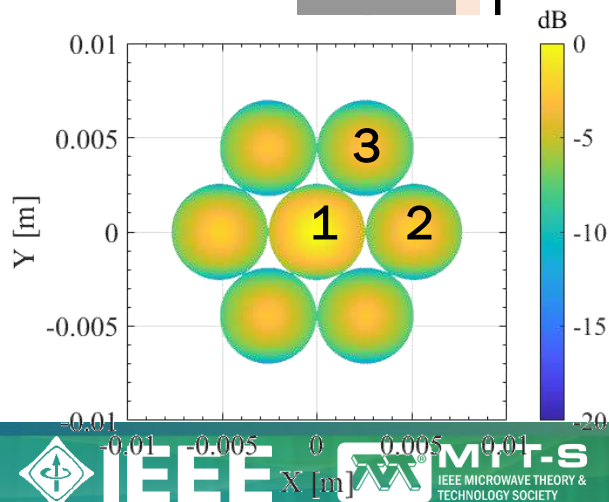
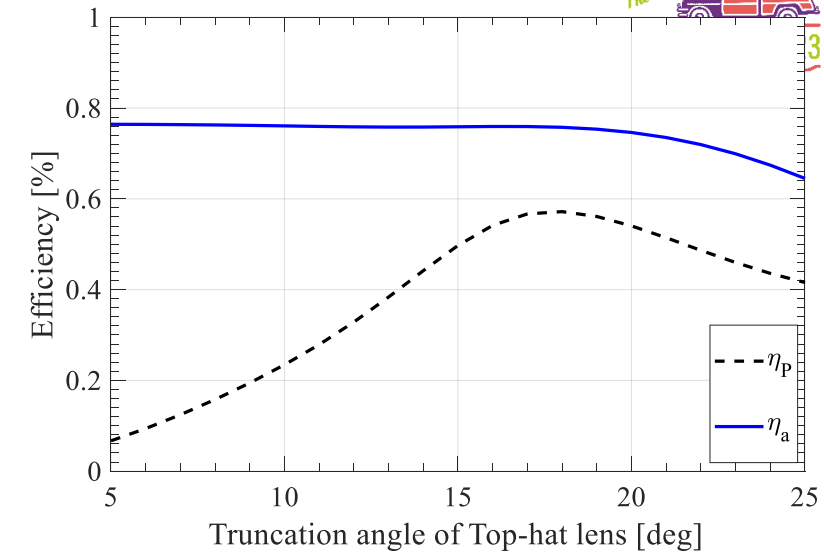


$$\vec{E}_{array} = \sum_{i=1}^7 \vec{E}_i^e \cdot (V_{oc} I)_i$$

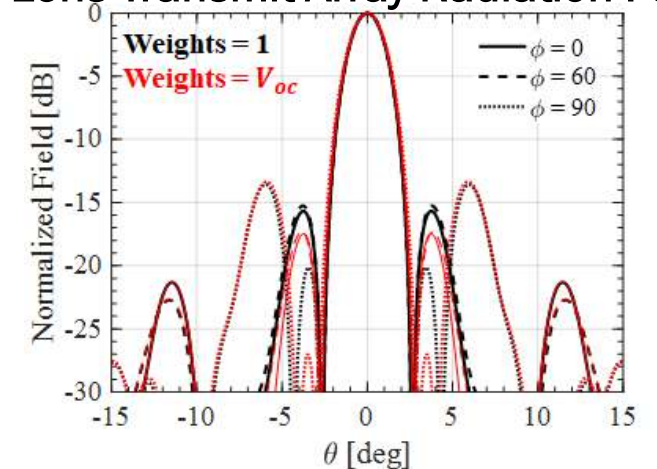
- Aperture efficiency of the lens phased array:

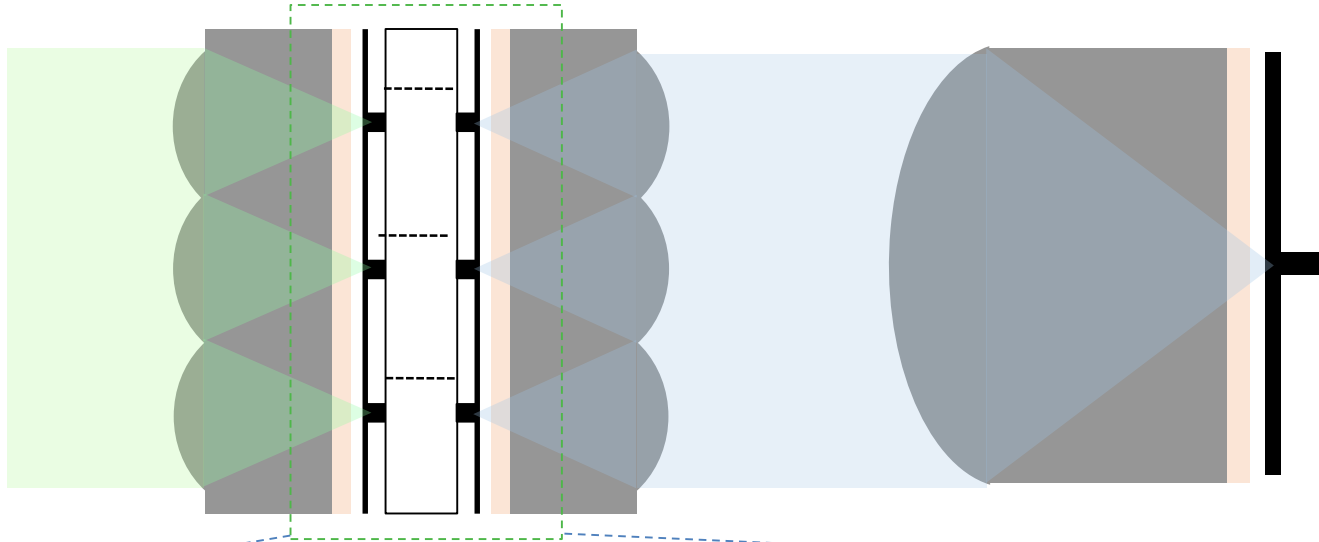
$$\eta_a = \frac{1}{P_{pw}} \frac{|(V_{oc} I)_{array}|^2}{16 \sum_{i=1}^N P_{rad}^i}$$

$$(V_{oc} I)_{array} = \frac{2}{\zeta_0} \iint_{S_a} \vec{E}_{array} \cdot \vec{E}^{pw} dS$$



Lens Transmit Array Radiation Pattern

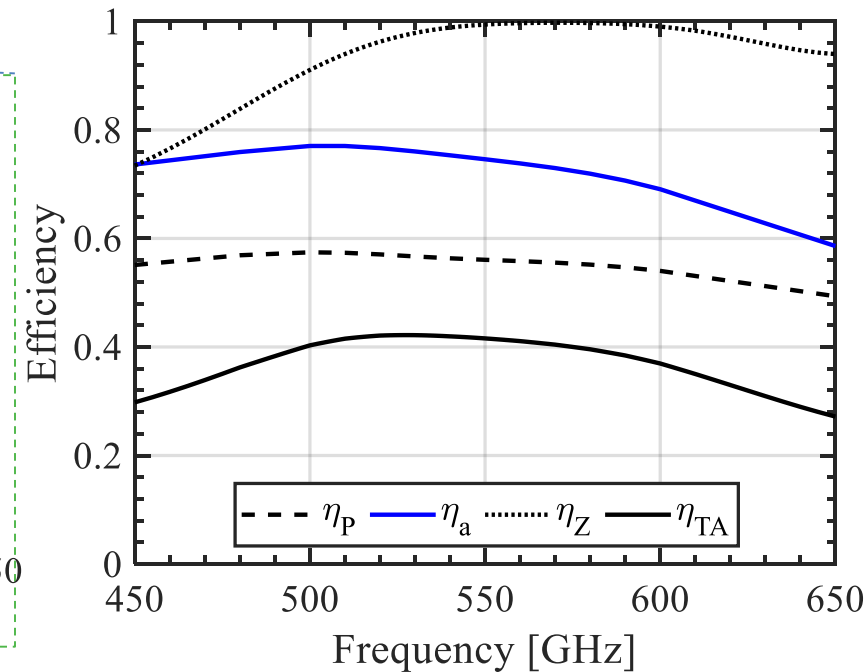
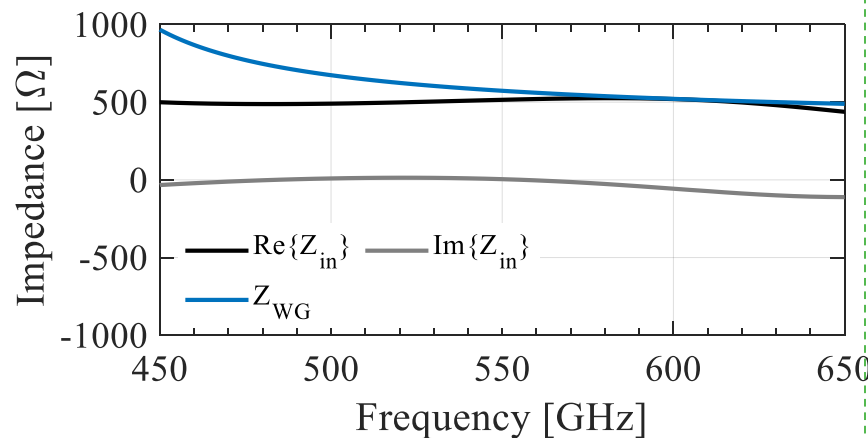
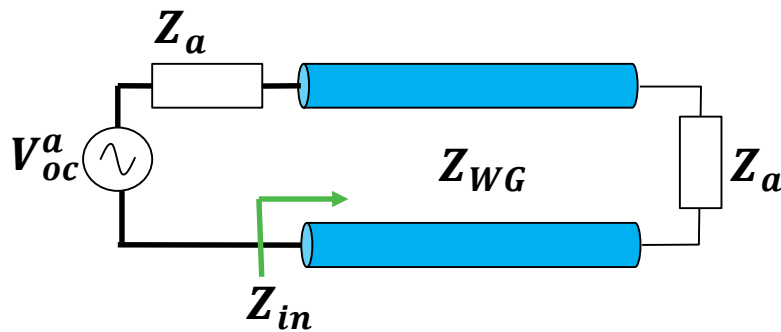




- Aperture Efficiency of the lens transmit array:

$$\eta_{TA} = \eta_P \cdot \eta_a \cdot \eta_z$$

Equivalent transmission line model of the transmit array:





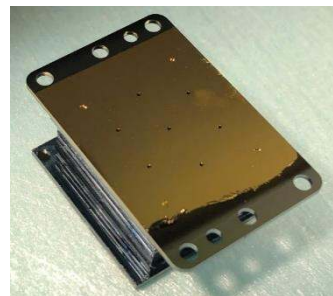
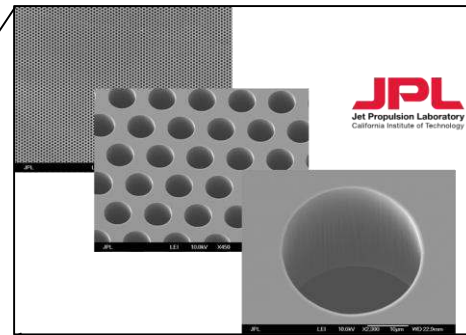
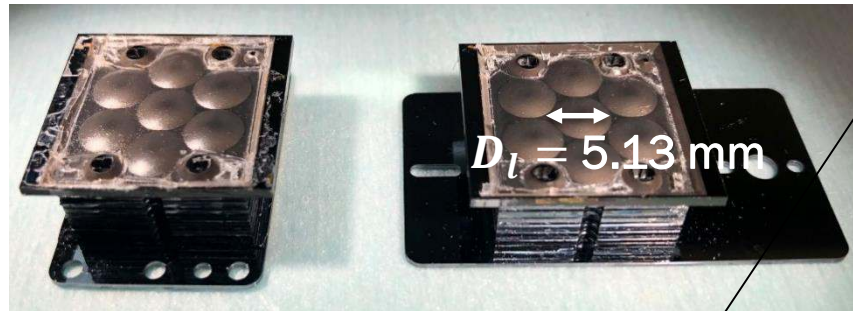
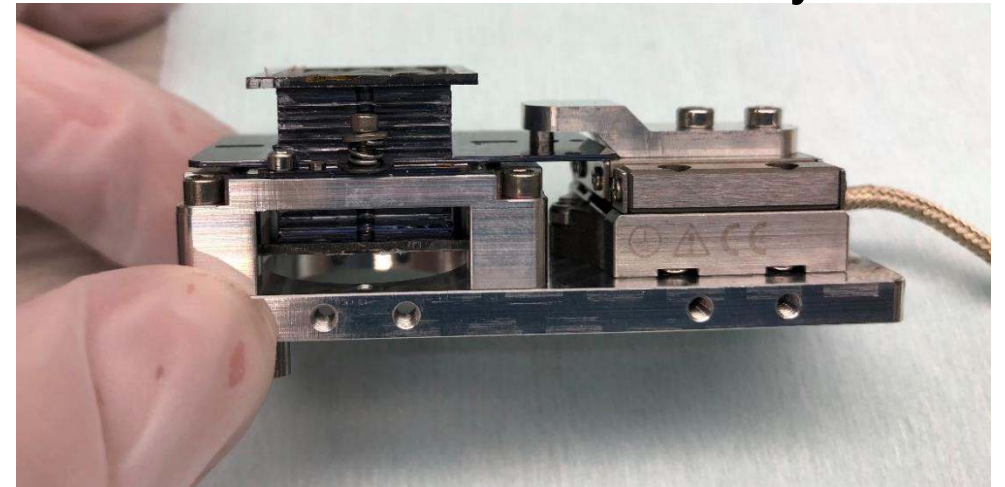
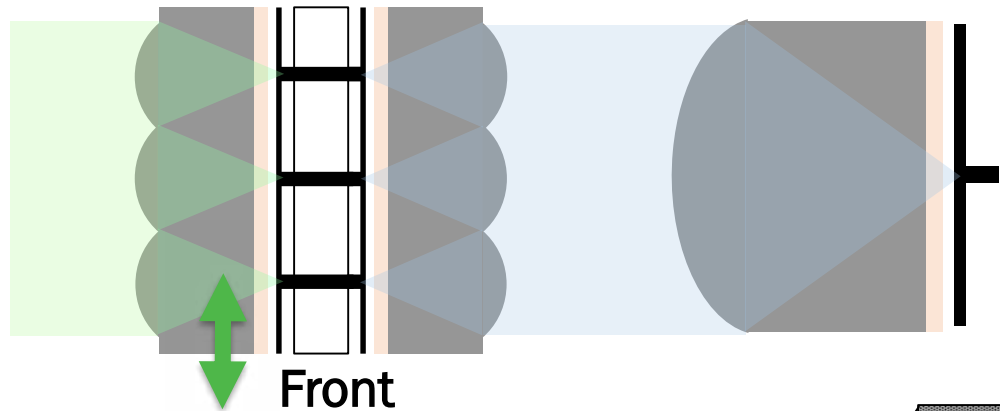
# IMS Coherent Proof of concept demonstration at

Connecting Minds. Exchanging Ideas.

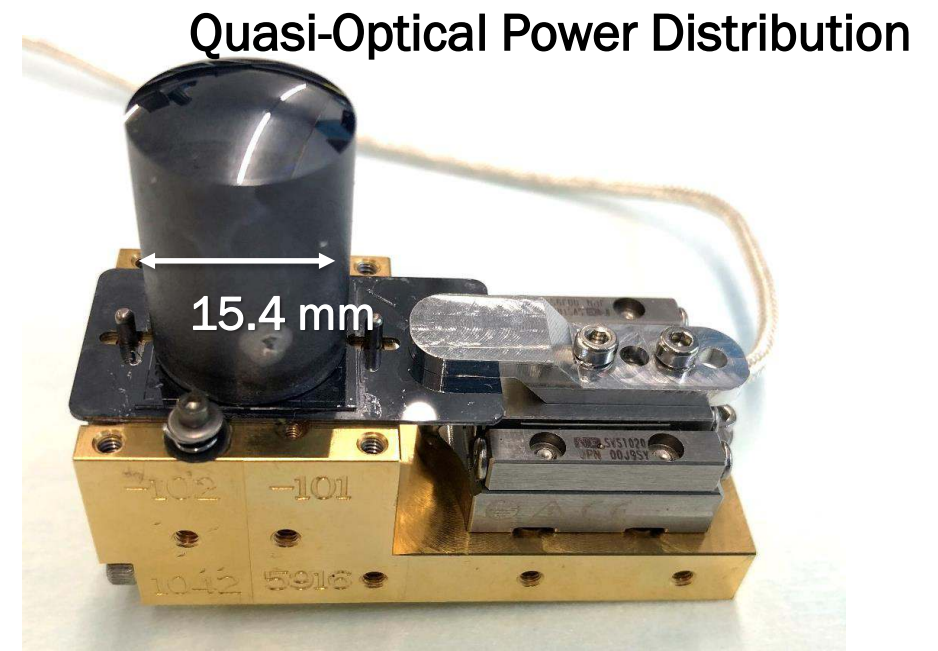
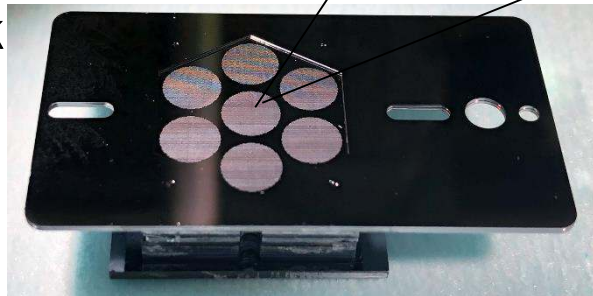


San Diego 2023

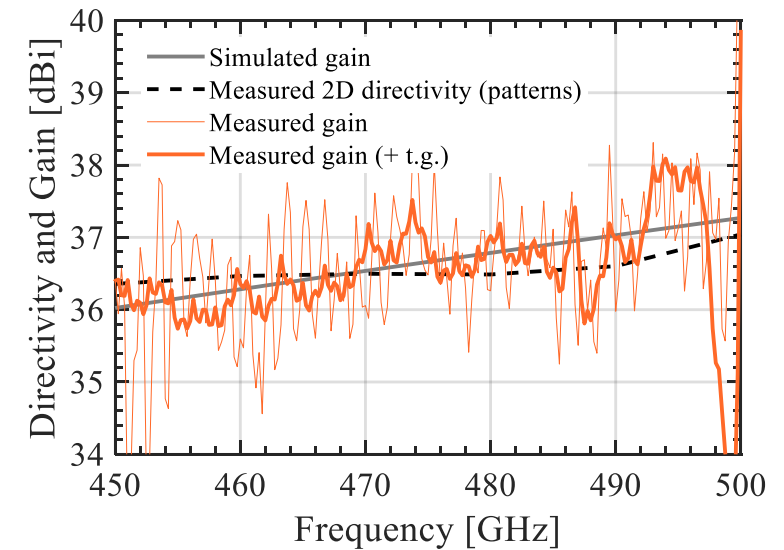
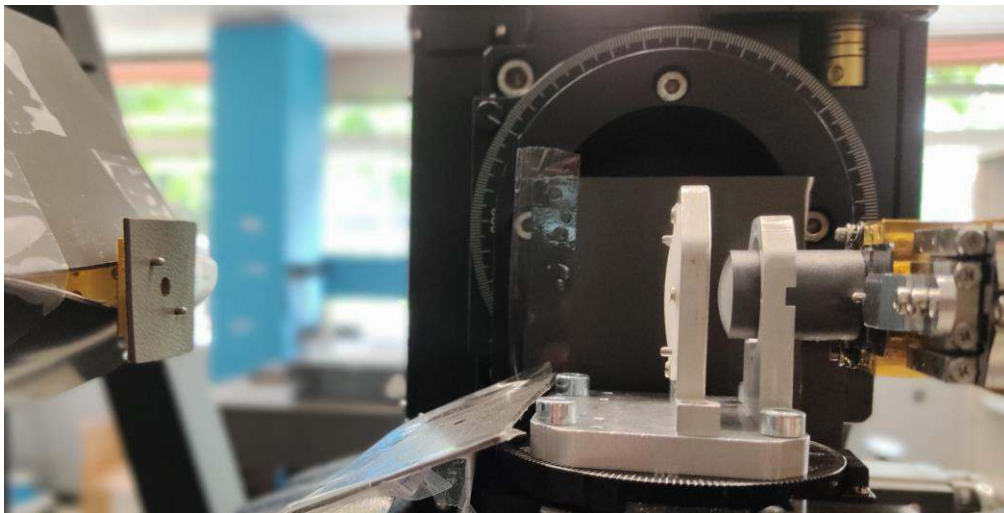
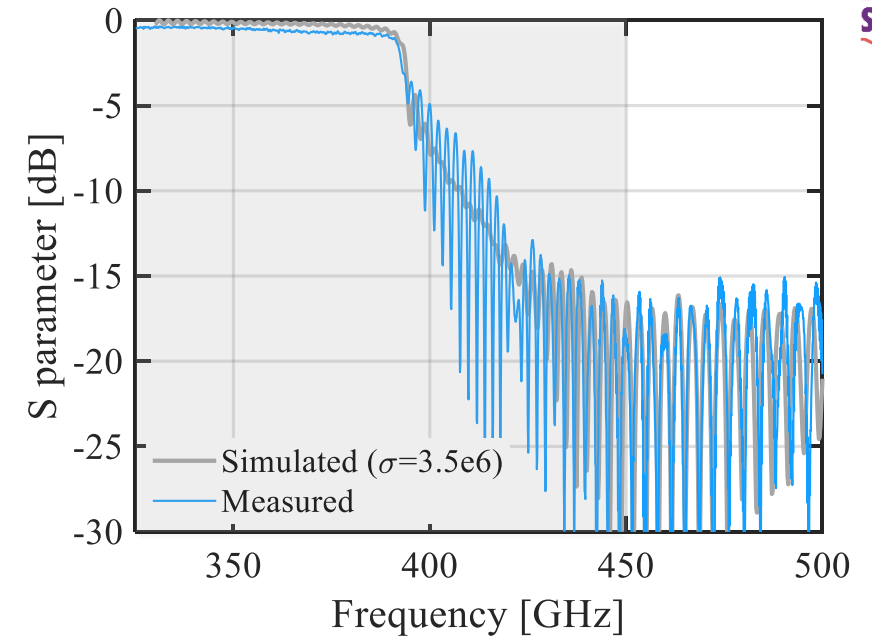
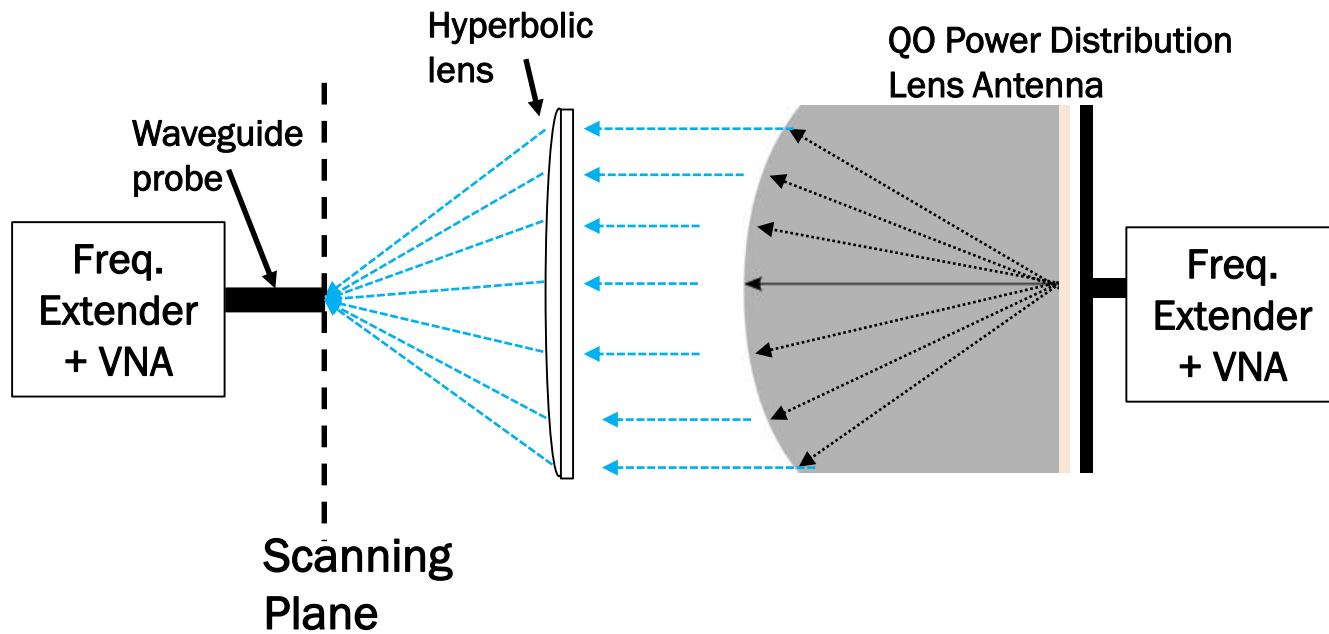
## 450-650GHz



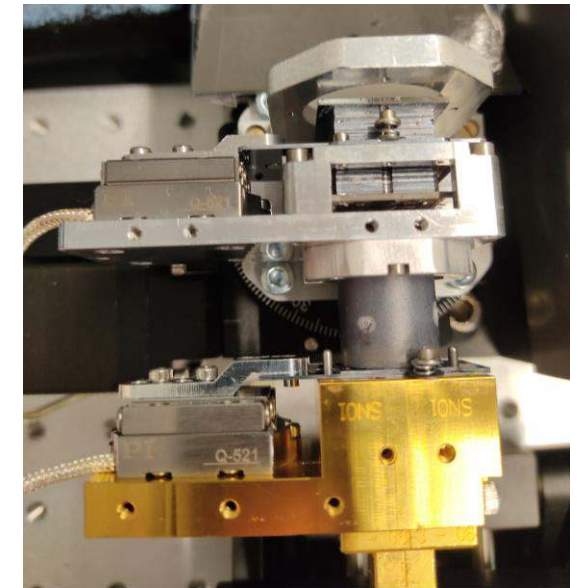
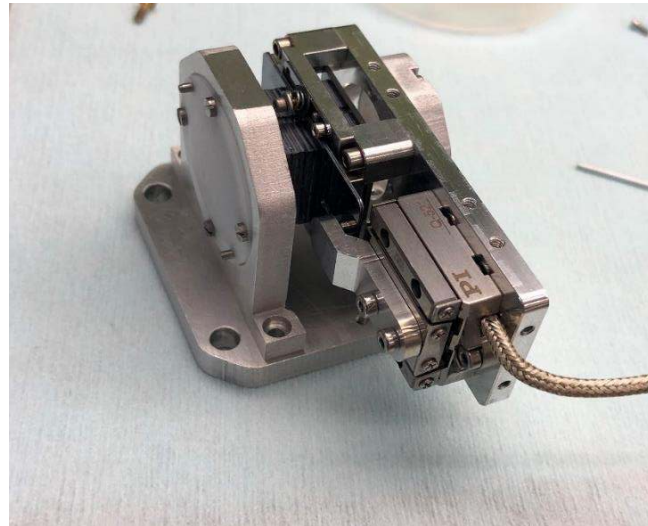
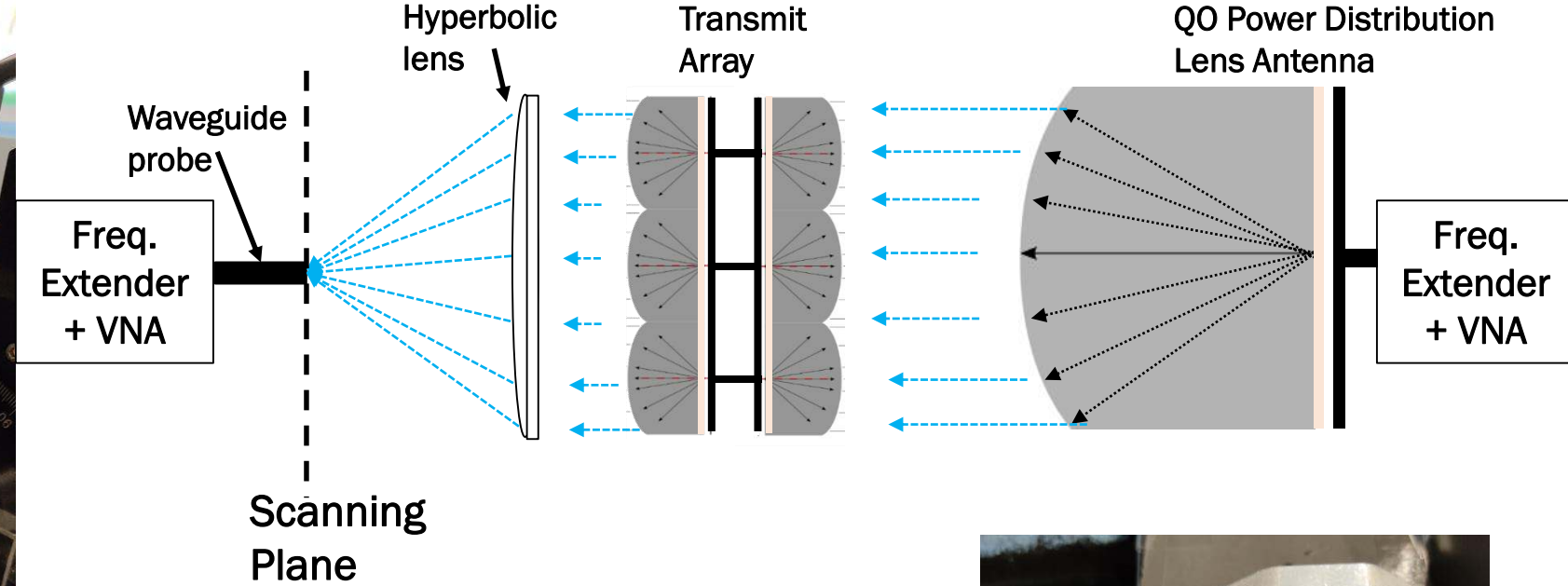
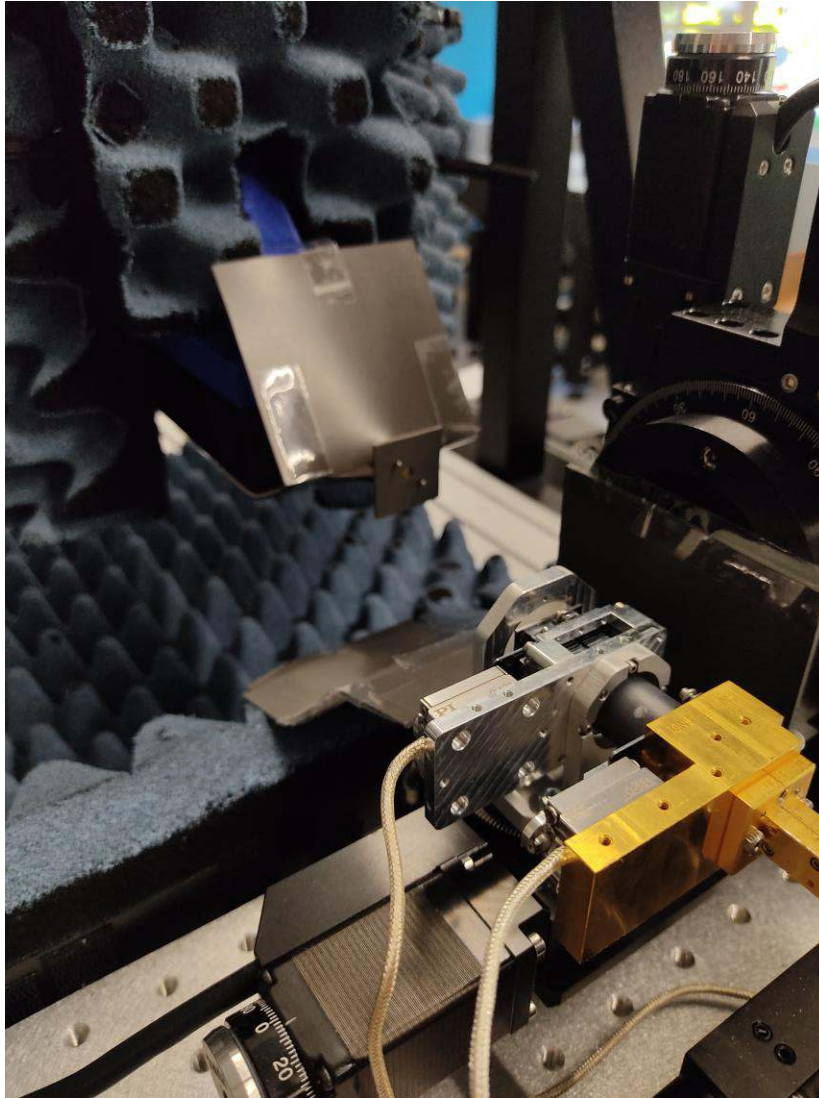
Back





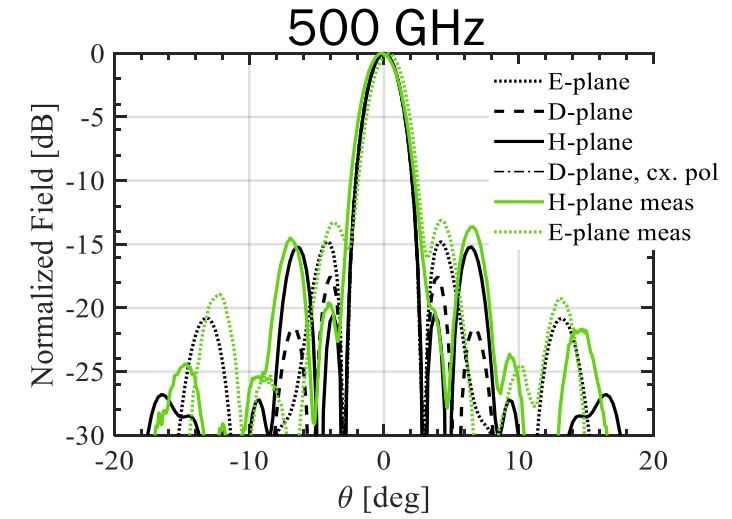
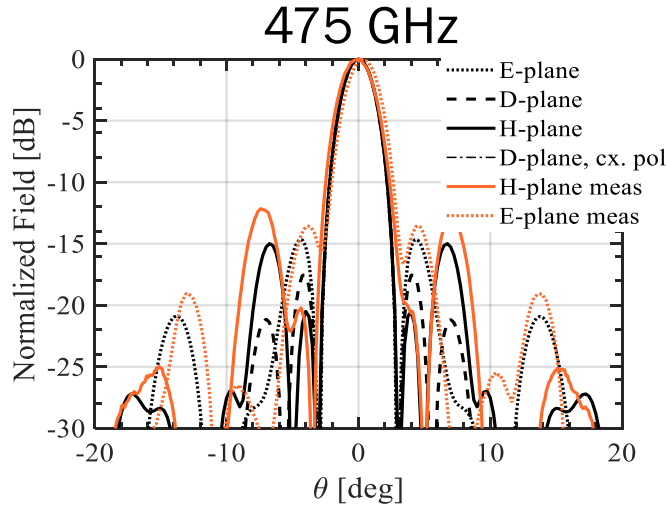
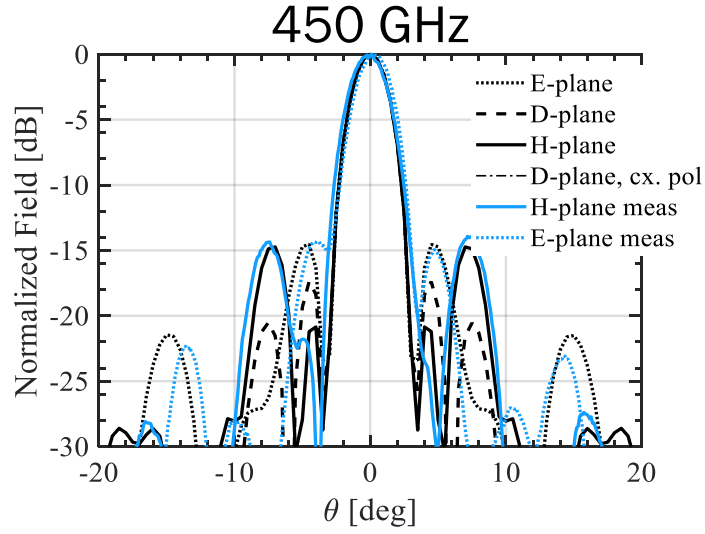


# Transmit Lens Array Measurements

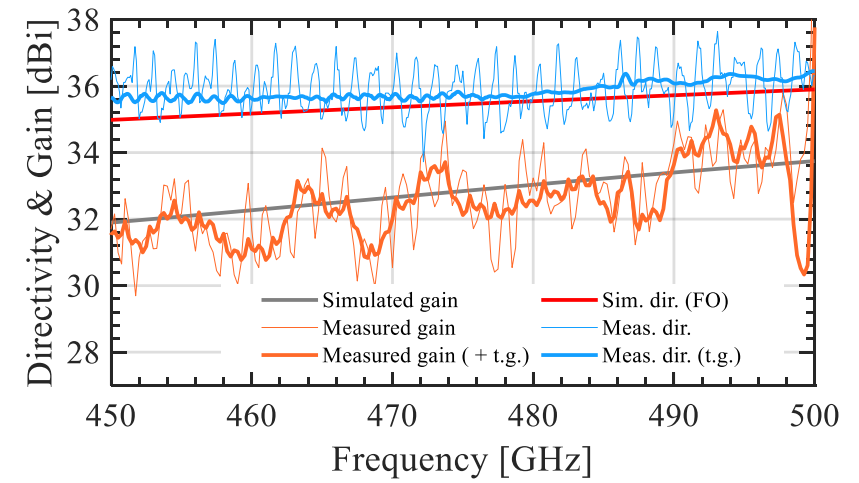
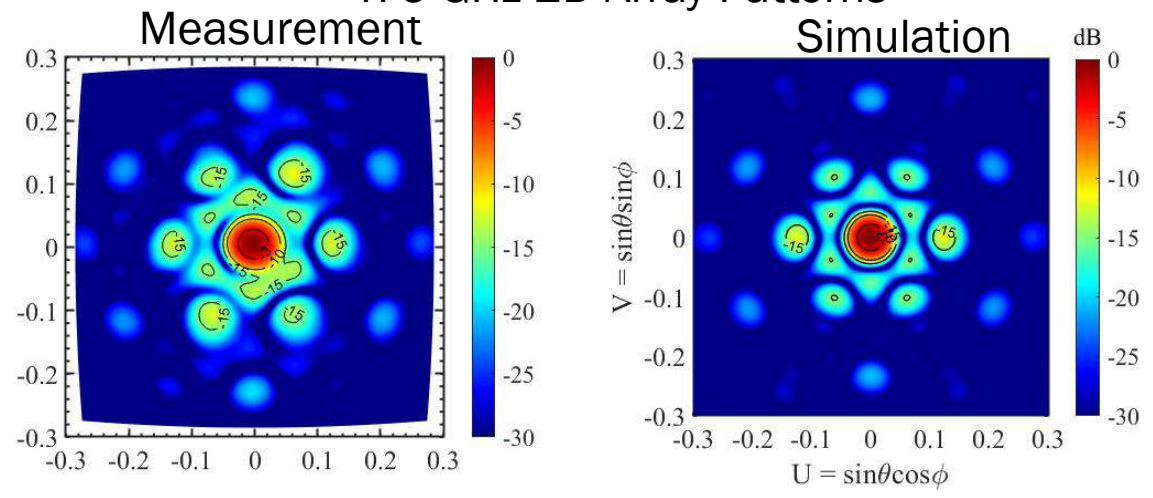




# Broadside radiation patterns of the lens transmit array

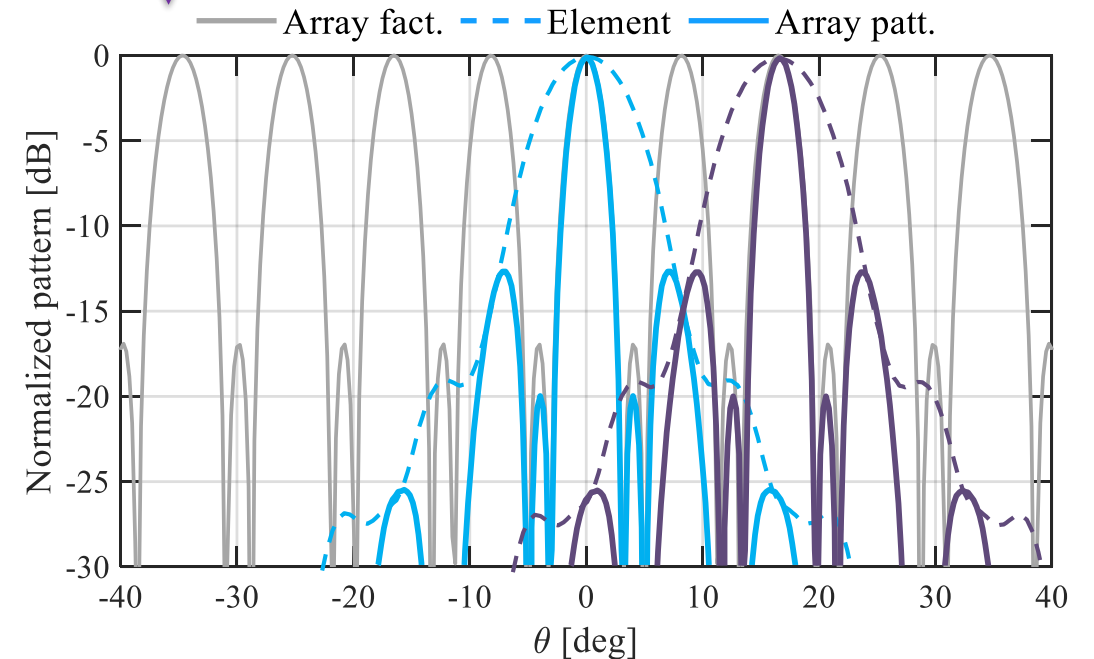
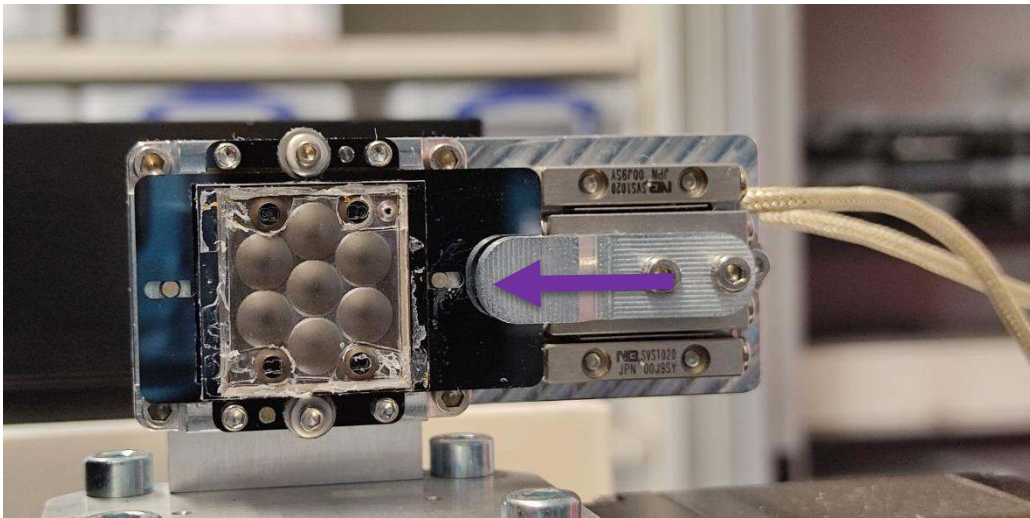
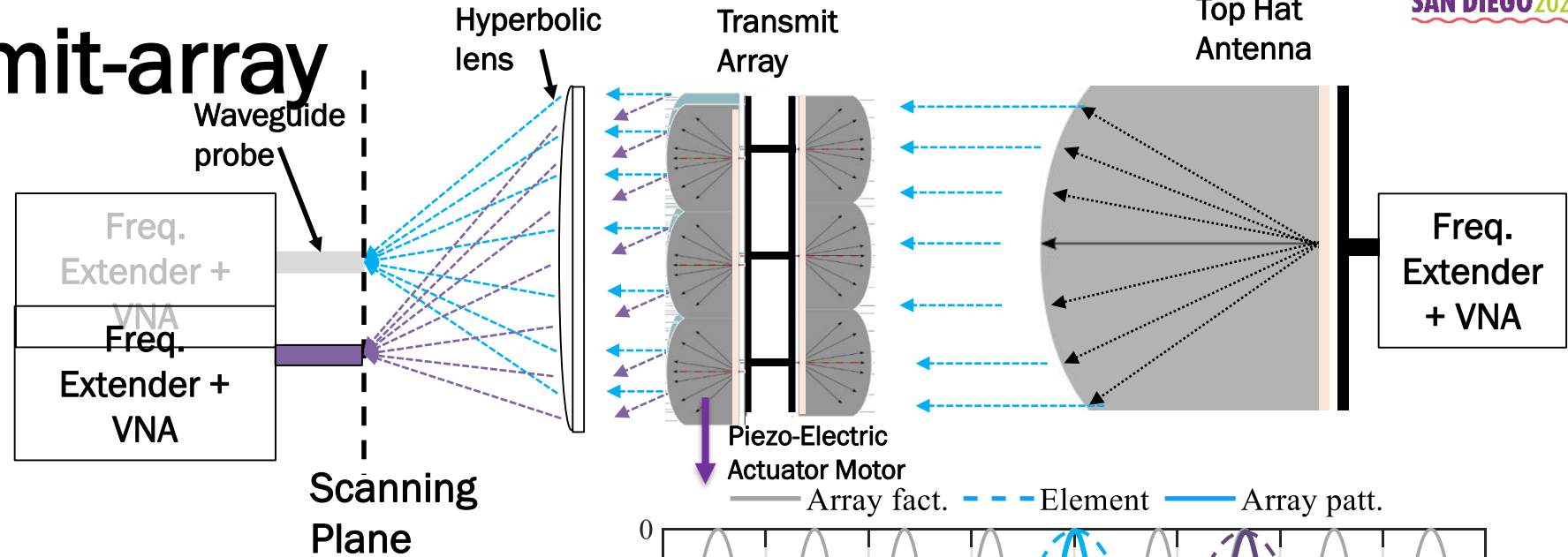
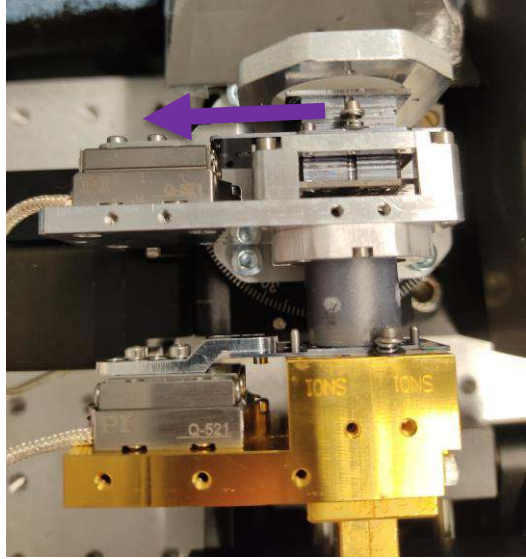


475 GHz 2D Array Patterns



\* Simulations performed with the analysis aforementioned

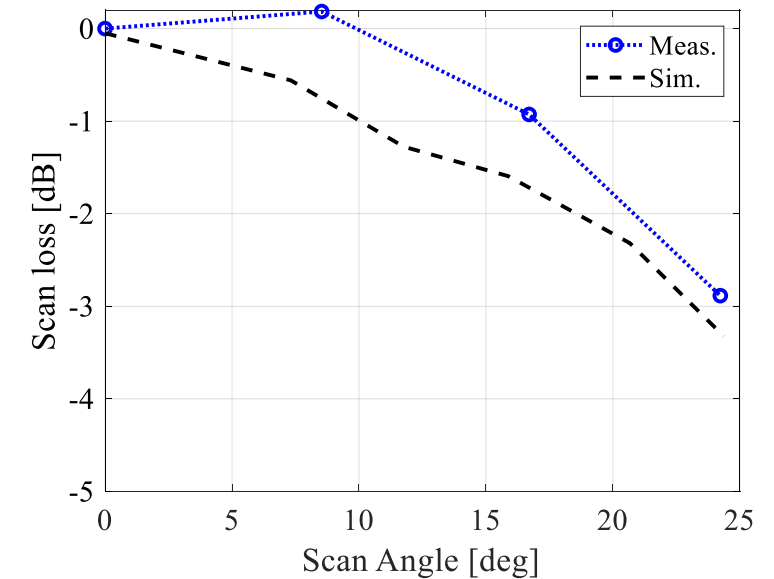
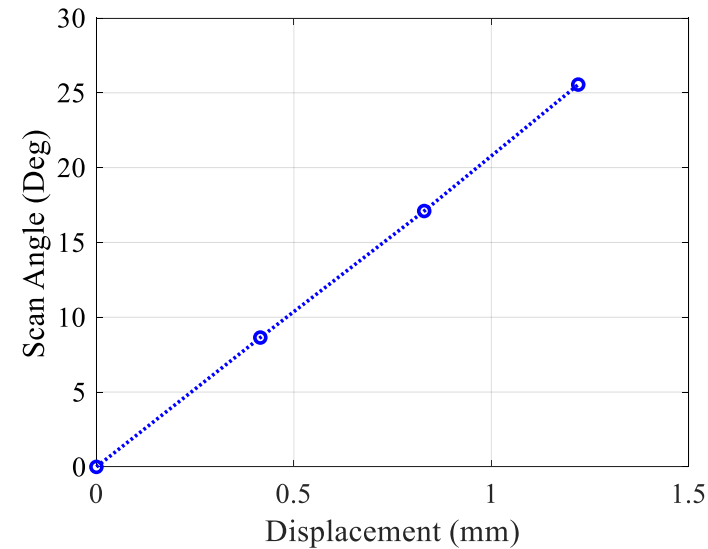
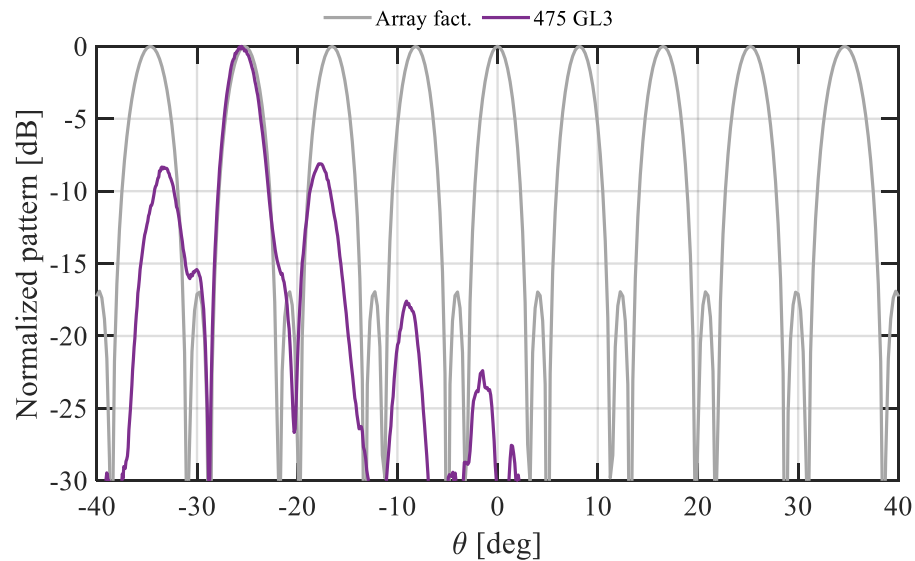
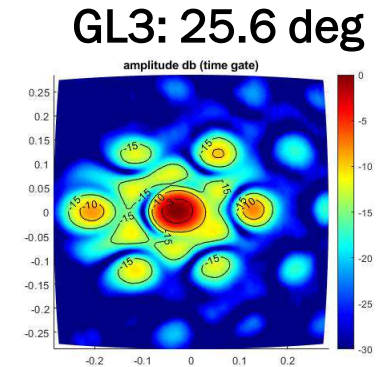
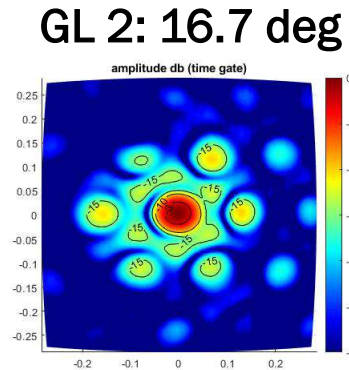
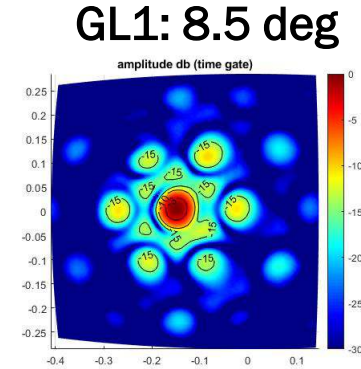
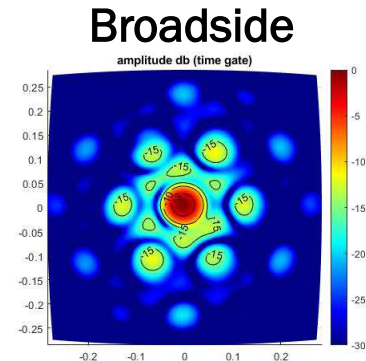
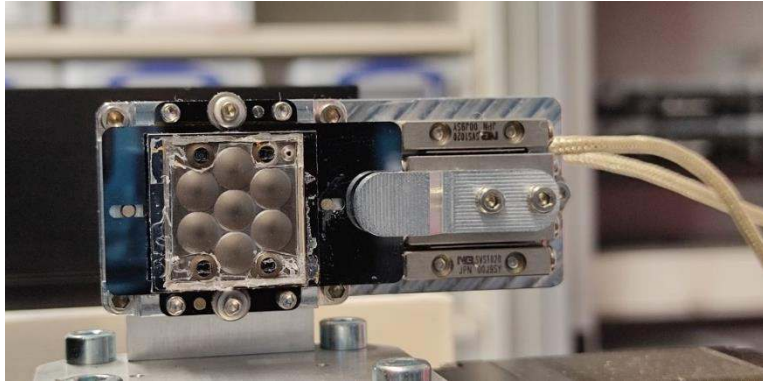
# Scanned Radiation patterns of the lens transmit-array



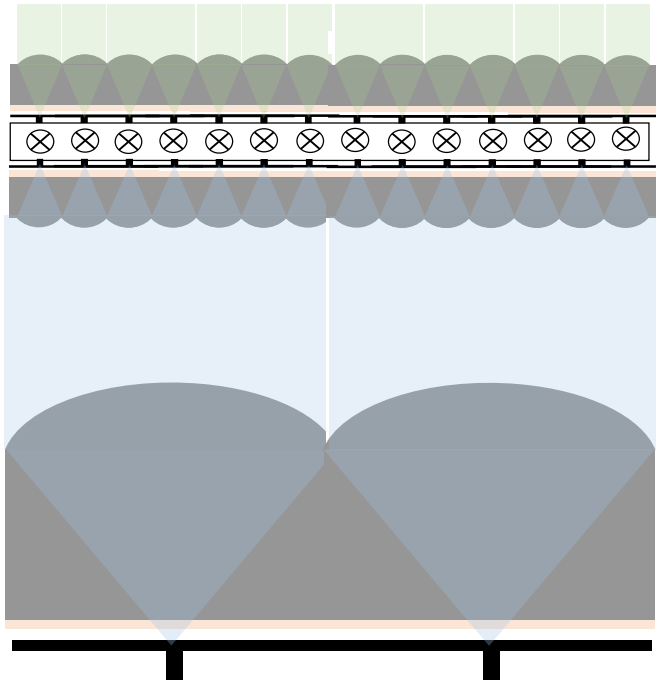


# IMS Scanned Radiation patterns of the lens transmit-array

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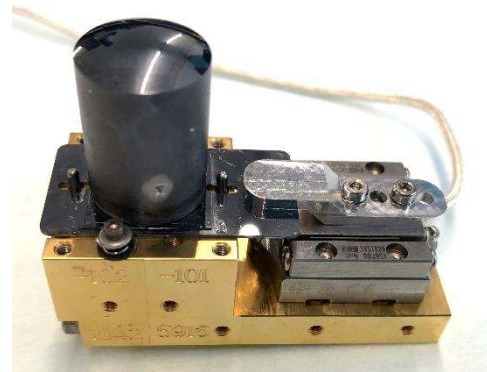
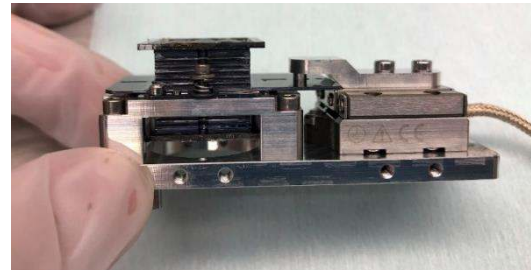


## Transmit Lens Arrays for Broadband THz Power Distribution and Beam-Steering



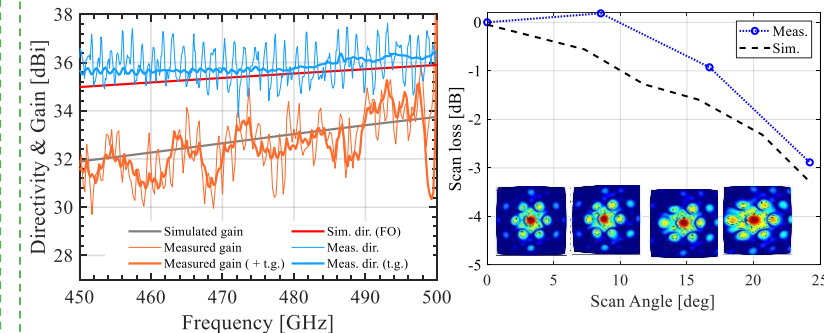
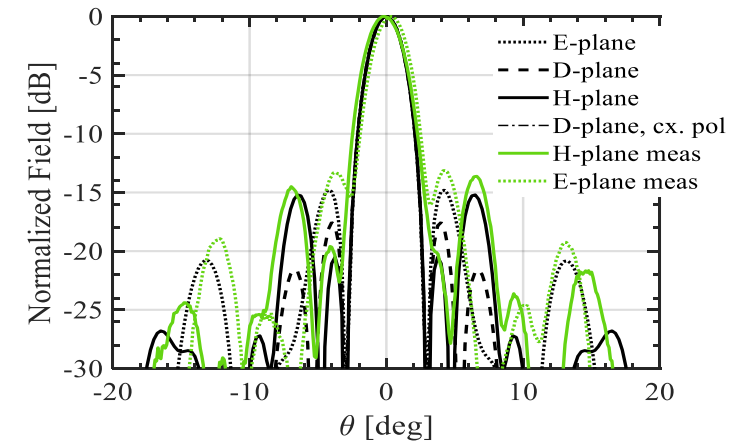
QO Modelling techniques

## 450GHz – 650GHz 7 Element Phased Array Prototype



36dB directivity  
33dB gain  
+/-25deg scanning

## Excellent agreement between measurements and QO model



Great potential for future sub-mm space instruments based on  
Focal Plane Arrays & Phased Arrays

We1B-2

# Integrated Silicon Lens-Antenna based on a Top-Hat Leaky-Wave feed for Quasi-Optical Power Distribution at THz Frequencies

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